

(A Constituent College of Kenyatta University) University Examinations for 2015/2016

#### SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

#### DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING

# FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

#### PLANT ELECTRICALS

DATE: 5/8/2016 TIME: 8:30 – 10:30 AM

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- -The paper consist of FIVE questions
- -Answer question one carries 30 Marks and is compulsory A and any other two questions
- -The other **FOUR** questions carry equal marks each 20 marks
- 1 a) Give **FIVE** advantages of electrical braking over mechanical (5 marks)
  - b) Describe **THREE** methods of electrical braking using neat sketches (9 marks)
  - c) Explain the following methods of speed control in d.c machines
    - i) Flux control
    - ii) Rheostatic control
    - iii) Wards-leonard system

(12 marks)

- d) A 220v, 15Kw, 850 r.p.m shunt motor draws 72.2A when operating at rated condition. The resistances of the armature and shunt field are  $0.25\Omega$  and  $100\Omega$  respectively. Determine the percentage reduction in flux to obtain a speed of 1650 r.p.m when armature current drawn is 40 A (4 marks)
- 2 a) With aid of sketches differentiate compound wound long short shunt motors.

(4 marks)

- b) A short shunt compound generator delivers a load current of 30A at 220 v, and has armature, series-field and shunt-field resistances  $0.05\Omega$ ,  $0.3\Omega$  and  $200\Omega$  respectively. Calculate the induced E.M.f and the armature current. Allow 1V per brush for contract drop. (6 marks)
- c) i) Illustrate power stages of a d.c motor (4 marks)
  - ii) A 500V d.c shunt motor takes a current of 5A on load. The resistance of the armature and field circuit are 0.22 ohm and 250ohm respectively. Find the efficiency when loaded and taking a current of 100A. (6 marks)
- a) Explain the following types of motor rating
  - i) Short time
  - ii) Intermittent
  - iii) Continous (6 marks)
  - b) A certain motor has to perform the following duty cycle:
    - 100 Kw for 10 min
    - No-load for 5 Min
    - 50Kw for 8 min
    - No-load for 4 min

The duty cycle is repeated indefinitely. Draw the curve for load cycle and determine a suitable size motor continuously rate (8 marks)

- c) Draw heating and cooling curves for
  - i) Motor continuously worked on full load
  - ii) Motor run for short time. (6 marks)

(4 marks)

- 4 a) Explain the term load equalization
  - b) The initial temperature of a machine is 45°c. Calculate the temperature of machine after 1.2 hours, if its final steady temperature rise is 85°c and the heating time constant is 2.4 hours .Ambient temperature is 25°c (6 marks)
  - c) Describe the construction of a d.c machine (10 marks)

5.	a)	i)	what is the importance of d.c machines	(3 marks)	
		ii)	Explain the necessity of motor starter	(6 marks)	
		b)	Show that transformer equation is given by E=4.44fN $\Phi$ m, where		
			E – Induced emf	(6 marks)	
			f –Frequency applied		
			N – Number of Turns		
			φ –maximum flux.		
		c)	Using neat Sketches explain the following parts of power transformers		
			i) Breather	(5 marks)	
			ii) Buchholz Relay		



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#### **INSTRUMENT SYSTEM**

DATE: 5/8/2016 TIME: 2:00 – 4:00 pm

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- -This paper consist of Five questions
- -Answer question One& any other Two questions
- -Question One carries 30 marks and its Compulsory
- -The other four questions carry equal marks each 20 marks.
- 1 a) Define the following as applied to analog to digital converters (ADC)
  - (i) Resolution
  - (ii) Speed (2 marks)
  - b) An analog transducer with a 0-10V input is able to distinguish a change of 10mV in its input signal determine
    - (i) Resolution
    - (ii) Number of bits of an A/D converter to have the same resolution as the traducer
    - (iii) Quantization interval
    - (iv) Quantization noise
    - (v) The number of decision levels

(12 marks)

	c)	1)	with a Aid of block diagram explain the elements of telemetry system				
			giving function of each	(9 marks)			
		ii)	Using sine wave form distinguish between amplitude and fr	equency			
			modulation.	(7 marks)			
2.	a)	Explain the need for modulation					
	b)	Brief					
		i.	Potentiometric converter				
		ii.	Ramp converter				
		iii.	Integration converter	(12 marks)			
	c)	Expl	ain Two Main advantages of differential amplifier	(5 marks)			
3.	a)	show the $Vo=A_d(v_2-v_1)$ for the following differential amplifier (5 ma					
	b)	A differential amplifier with common mode input of 500mV and a di					
		mode	e input and 3V				
		due t	on mode gain.				
		Find	(9 marks)				
	c)	Usin	onents in a				
		signa	al conditioning system.				
		i.	Filter				
		ii.	Attenuators	(6 marks)			
4.	a)	Using	g circuit explain the fo0llowing operational amplifier circuits				
		i.	Inverter				
		ii.	Adder				
		iii.	Multiplier				
		iv.	Integrator				
		v.	Differentiator	(10 marks)			

- b) An inverting OPAMP has a resistance of 100 K $\Omega$  in its feedback Path an a resistance of 1 K $\Omega$  at its input terminals, calculate.
  - i. Gain
  - ii. If the OPAMP is to be built with its input resistance  $10K\Omega$  what should be the value of feedback resistance if it acts as a multiplier with a factor of 10. (10 marks)
- 5. a) Mention the hazards of land line telemetering system (3 marks)
  - b) Distinguish between Time division and frequency division multiplexing methods (8 marks)
  - c) With aid of diagram explain the elements of digital data acquisition system (9 marks)



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## FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

#### WORK SERVICE & MAINTENANCE DRAWING

DATE: 8/8/2016 TIME: 8:30 – 10:30 AM

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- This paper consist of FIVE questions
- Answer question ONE & any other TWO question
- Question One carries 30 marks and its Compulsory
- The other FOUR questions carry equal marks each 20 marks.
- 1. a) Draw a line layout of steam plant including all the accessories (10 marks)
  - b) Using a **TWO** line diagram illustrate the typical steam distribution layout from steam main up to line of use. Show how to trap condensate steam (12 marks)
  - c) Sketch the following pipe joints
    - i. Manupulative
    - ii. Non-manupulation (8 marks)
- 2 a) Draw a one-line, layout of the following single stage refrigeration plants
  - i. Vapour compression
  - ii. Vapour absorption (10 marks)
  - b) Draw sectional views of the following safety valves
    - i. Dead weight

		ii.	Spring	g type	(6 marks)		
	c)	Draw	a sectio	onal view of a heating/cooling room air conditioner	(4 marks)		
3	a)	Draw a layout diagram of a heating/cooling room air conditioner					
	b)	Draw					
		i.	Electr	rostatic filter			
		ii.	Auton	natic viscous(oil-spray type	(8 marks)		
	c)	Draw	diators, where				
		FIVE radiators, where FOUR radiators will be high pressure steam and the flash					
		steam	is recei	ived to heat the fifth	(6 marks)		
4	a)	With	aid of a	two-line circuit diagram, show a compressed air mair	ı supplying air		
		to ope	pray gun and a breathing mask. Include two drain conr	nections.			
	b)	Draw the following cold/heat water distribution components					
		(i) Expansion joint					
		(ii)	Section	onal view of flanged joint of steel pipe.			
		(iii)	Section	onal view of an equilibrium ball valve (Croydon type)			
		(iv)	Tee-el	lbow			
		(v)	Latera	al	(10 marks)		
5	a)	Draw					
			i.	Screw down step valves			
			ii.	Pressure relief valve	(8 marks)		
	b)	Draw	corporating the				
		following:					
			i.	Expansion and feed water cistern.			
			ii.	Indirect hot water cylinder			
			iii.	Washing basins and sinks			
			iv.	Drain valves	(8 marks)		
			v.	Secondary cold water feed pumps			
			vi.	Vents			
	c)	Draw	a slow	sand water filter	(4 marks)		



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#### PLANT THEORY &PRACTICE

DATE: 8/8/2016 TIME: 2:00 – 4:00 PM

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- -This paper consist of five 5 question
- -Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions
- -Question one carries 30 marks and its compulsory
- -The other four questions carry equal marks each (20 marks)
- 1. a) Outline the composition of the following types of refrigerants and state one example for each the following.
  - i. Blends
  - ii. A zoetrope's
  - iii. Hydro carbons

(9 marks)

- b) With an aid of plant, T-S and P-H diagrams, explain the effect of the following process in vapor compression refrigeration system
  - i. Superheating
  - ii. Undercooling
  - iii. Use of heat exchanger

(12 marks)

	c)	A vapour comprehension refrigeration system is using refrigerant R717 and has					
		an evaporator temperature of $-2^{0}\mathrm{C}$ and condenser temperature of $26^{0}\mathrm{C}$ . The					
		refrigerant is superheated to 50K in the compressor and under cooled by 6K in the					
		condenser. As	ssuming isentropic compression.				
		i) Draw	plant, p-h and Ts diagram	(3 marks)			
		ii) Deterr	mine C.O.P r and C.O.P carnot of the system	(6 marks)			
2.	a)	Distinguish between Primary and secondary refrigerants (4 m					
	b)	Give five desirable properties of a refrigerant (5 marks					
	c)	A refrigerator circle whose isentropic efficiency is 0.84 uses R12 as the					
		refrigerant. The temperature of refrigerant in the evaporate is -20 <sup>0</sup> C and in the					
		condenser is $40^{\circ}$ C and .The refrigerant is calculated at a rate of 0.3kg/s. The					
		refinement leaving the condenser is undercooled by 5, while entering the					
		compressor is saturated vapour determine.					
		(i)	C.O.P <sub>R</sub>				
		(ii)	C.O.P carnot				
		(iii)	Capacity of the plant	(11 marks)			
3.	a)	Outline any Three impurities found in the natural water that have to be removed					
		as part of boiler feed water treatment and explain the consequences if not					
		removed (8 marks)					
	b)	Mention the sources of air leakages in steam condenser and explain its effect on					
		the condenser performance (8 mark					
	c)	Give Four requirements of an ideal condenser which contribute to its increased					
		efficiency (4 marks)					
4.	a)	Explain the four factor factors to be considered when selecting a material					
		handling equipment (4 marks)					
	b)	With aid of sketches, describe the construction and operation of the following:-					
	- /	(i)	Vibrating conveyer	<i>8</i>			
		(ii)	Bucket conveyer	(10			
marks	s)	()		(10			
1114111	c)	With the aid o	of a diagram, explain the construction and operation of	a <b>n</b>			
	-,	electrostatic Precipitator used in dust control (6 marks)					
		oreer osture 1	recipitator asea in aust control	(o marks)			

a) Illustrate the typical steam distribution layout and explain the function of all the Components. (10 marks)
b) Explain Five problems associated with steam distribution (5 marks)
c) List Five maintenance checks, carried on cooling towers (5 marks)