

(A Constituent College of Kenyatta University) University Examinations for 2015/2016

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

DATE:

PLANT ELECTRICALS TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS:

-The paper consist of **FIVE** questions

-Answer question one carries 30 Marks and is compulsory.

-The other FOUR questions carry equal marks each 20 marks

- 1 a) Give **FIVE** advantages of electrical braking over mechanical (5 marks)
 - b) Describe **THREE** methods of electrical braking using neat sketches (9 marks)
 - c) Explain the following methods of speed control in d.c machines
 - i) Flux control
 - ii) Rheostatic control
 - iii) Wards-leonard system (12 marks)
 - d) A 220v, 15Kw, 850 r.p.m shunt motor draws 72.2A when operating at rated condition. The resistances of the armature and shunt field are 0.25Ω and 100Ω respectively. Determine the percentage reduction in flux to obtain a speed of 1650 r.p.m when armature current drawn is 40 A (4 marks)
- 2 a) With aid of sketches differentiate compound wound long short shunt motors
 - b) A short shunt compound generator delivers a load current of 30A at 220 v, and has armature, series-field and shunt-field resistances 0.05Ω , 0.3Ω and 200Ω

respectively. Calculate the induced E.M.f and the armature current. Allow 1V per brush for contract drop. (6 marks)

- c) i) Illustrate power stages of a d.c motor (4 marks)
 - A 500V d.c shunt motor takes a current of 5A on load. The resistance of the armature and field circuit are 0.22 ohm and 2500hm respectively. Find the efficiency when loaded and taking a current of 100A. (6 marks)

3 a) Explain the following types of motor rating

- i) Short time
- ii) Intermittent
- iii) Continous (6 marks)
- b) A certain motor has to perform the following duty cycle:
 - 100 Kw for 10mm
 - No-load for 5 Min
 - 50Kw for 8 min
 - No-load for 4 min

The duty cycle is repeated indefinitely. Draw the curve for load cycle and determine a suitable size motor continuously rate (8 marks)

- c) Draw heating and cooling curves for
 - i) Motor continuously worked on full load
 - ii) Motor run for short time. (6 marks)

(4 marks)

- 4 a) Explain load equalization
 - b) The initial temperature of a machine is 45°c. Calculate the temperature of machine after 1.2 hours, if its final steady temperature rise is 85°c and the heating time constant is 2.4 hours .Ambient temperature is 25°c (6 marks)
 c) Describe the construction of a d.c machine (10 marks)
- 5. a)
 i)
 what is the importance of d.c machines
 (3 marks)

 ii)
 Explain the necessity of motor starter
 (6 marks)

 b)
 Show that transformer equation is given by E=4.44fNIM, where
 (6 marks)

 E Induced emf
 (6 marks)

 f –Frequency applied
 (6 marks)
 - N Number of Turns

 ϕ –maximum flux.

- c) Using neat Sketches explain the following parts of power transformers
 - i) Breather

(5 marks)

ii) Buchholz Relay



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INSTRUMENT SYSTEM

DATE:

TIME:

(2 marks)

INSTRUCTIONS:

-This paper consist of Five questions -Answer question One& any Two question -Question One carries 30 marks and its Compulsory -The other four questions carry equal marks each 20 marks.

1

- a) Define the following as applied to analog to digital converters (ADC)
 - (i) Resolution
 - (ii) Speed
- An analog transducer with a 0-10V input is able to distinguish a change of n10mV in its input signal determine
 - (i) Resolution
 - (ii) Number of bits of an A/D converter to have the same resolution as the traducer
 - (iii) Quantization interval
 - (iv) Quantization noise
 - (v) The number of decision levels (12 marks)

| | c) | i) | with a Aid of block diagram explain the elements of telemetry system | | | | |
|----|----|--|--|------------|--|--|--|
| | | | giving function of each | (9 marks) | | | |
| | | ii) | Using sine wave form distinguish between amplitude and frequency | | | | |
| | | | modulation. | (7 marks) | | | |
| 2. | a) | Expla | (3 marks) | | | | |
| | b) | Brief | | | | | |
| | | i. | Potentiometric converter | | | | |
| | | ii. | Ramp converter | | | | |
| | | iii. | Integration converter | | | | |
| | c) | Expla | ain Two Main advantages of differential amplifier | (5 marks) | | | |
| 3. | a) | show the Vo= $A_d(v_2 - v_1)$ for the following differential amplifier (5 marks) | | | | | |
| | b) | A differential amplifier with common mode input of 500mV and a differential | | | | | |
| | | mode input of 30mV has an input of 5mV due to the common mode | | | | | |
| | | due to difference mode input. Find the difference mode and common mode gai | | | | | |
| | | Find also the common mode rejection ratio (9 n | | | | | |
| | c) | c) Using circuit diagrams explain the function of the following component | | | | | |
| | | signa | | | | | |
| | | i. | Filter | | | | |
| | | ii. | Attenuators | (5 marks) | | | |
| 4. | a) |) Using circuit explain the following operational amplifier circuits | | | | | |
| | | i. | Inverter | | | | |
| | | ii. | Adder | | | | |
| | | iii. | Multiplier | | | | |
| | | iv. | Integrator | | | | |
| | | v. | Differentiator | (10 marks) | | | |
| | b) | An ir | overting OPAMP has a resistance of 100 K Ω in its feedback P | ath an a | | | |
| | | resist | | | | | |
| | | i. | Gain | | | | |
| | | ii. | what should be | | | | |
| | | | with a factor of | | | | |
| | | | 10. | (10 marks) | | | |

| 5. | a) | Mention the hazards of land line telemetering system | |
|----|----|--|-----------|
| | b) | Distinguish between Time division and frequency division multiplexin | g methods |

(8 marks)

c) With aid of diagram explain the elements of digital data acquisition system



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WORK SERVICE & MAINTENANCE DRAWING

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS:

- This paper consist of FIVE questions
- Answer question ONE & any TWO question
- Question One carries 30 marks and its Compulsory
- The other FOUR questions carry equal marks each 20 marks.
- 1. a) Draw a line layout of steam plant including all the accessories (10 marks)
 - b) Using a **TWO** line diagram illustrate the typical steam distribution layout from steam main up to line of use. Show how to trap condensate steam (12 marks)
 - c) Sketch the following pipe joints
 - i. Manupulative
 - ii. Non-manupulation (8 marks)
- 2 a) Draw a one-line, layout of the following single stage refrigeration plants
 - i. Vapour compression
 - ii. Vapour absorption (10 marks)
 - b) Draw sectional views of the following safety valves
 - i. Dead weight

| | | ii. | Spring | g type | (6 marks) | |
|---|----|--|------------|--|-----------------|--|
| | c) | Draw | a sectio | onal view of a heating/cooling room air conditioner | (4 marks) | |
| 3 | a) | Draw | (6 marks) | | | |
| | b) | Draw | | | | |
| | | i. | Electr | ostatic filter | | |
| | | ii. | Autor | natic viscous(oil-spray type | (8 marks) | |
| | c) | Draw | a stean | n circuit diagram for heating a building with fore ra | adiators, where | |
| | | FIVE radiators, where FOUR radiators will be high pressure steam and the flash | | | | |
| | | steam | i is recei | ved to heat the fifth | (6 marks) | |
| 4 | a) | With aid of a two-line circuit diagram, show a compressed air main supplying air | | | | |
| | | to ope | erate a s | pray gun and a breathing mask. Include two drain com | nections. | |
| | | | | | (10 marks) | |
| | b) | Draw | the foll | owing cold/heat water distribution components | | |
| | | (i) | Expar | nsion joint | | |
| | | (ii) | Sectio | onal view of flanged joint of steel pipe. | | |
| | | (iii) | Sectio | onal view of an equilibrium ball valve (Croydon type) | | |
| | | (iv) | Tee-e | lbow | | |
| | | (v) | Latera | al | (10 marks) | |
| 5 | a) | Draw sectional diagrams of the following water valve | | | | |
| | | | i. | Screw down step valves | | |
| | | | ii. | Pressure relief valve | (8 marks) | |
| | b) | Draw | a one li | ine diagram of an indirect hot water supply system ind | corporating the | |
| | | follow | wing: | | | |
| | | | i. | Expansion and feed water cistern. | | |
| | | | ii. | Indirect hot water cylinder | | |
| | | | iii. | Washing basins and sinks | | |
| | | | iv. | Drain valves | (8 marks) | |
| | | | v. | Secondary cold water feed pumps | | |
| | | | vi. | Vents | | |
| | c) | Draw | a slow | sand water filter | (4 marks) | |

Examination Irregularity is punishable by expulsion



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PLANT THEORY & PRACTICE

DATE:

TIME:

(9 marks)

INSTRUCTIONS:

This paper consist of five 5 question
Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions
Question one carries 30 marks and its compulsory
The other four questions carry equal marks each (20 marks)

 a) Outline the composition of the following types of refrigerants and state one example for each the following.

- i. Blends
- ii. A zoetrope's
- iii. Hydro carbons
- b) With an aid of plant, T-S and P-H diagrams, explain the effect of the following process in vapor compression refrigeration system
 - i. Superheating
 - ii. Undercooling
 - iii. Use of heat exchanger (12 marks)
 - c) A vapour comprehension refrigeration system is using refrigerant R717 and has an evaporator temperature of -2° C and condenser temperature of 26° C. The

refrigerant is superheated to 50K in the compressor and under cooled by 6K in the condenser. Assuming isentropic compression.

| i) Draw plant, p-h and Ts diagram | (3 marks) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
|-----------------------------------|-----------|

- ii) Determine C.O.P r and C.O.P carnot of the system (6 marks)
- 2. a) Distinguish between Primary and secondary refrigerants (5 marks)
 - b) Give five desirable properties of a refrigerant (5 marks)
 - c) A refrigerator circle whose isentropic efficiency is 0.84 uses R12 as the refrigerant. The temperature of refrigerant in the evaporate is -20^{0} C and in the condenser is 40^{0} C and .The refrigerant is calculated at a rate of 0.3kg/s. The refinement leaving the condenser is undercooled by 5, while entering the compressor is saturated vapour determine.
 - (i) C.O.P_R
 - (ii) C.O.P carnot
 - (iii) Capacity of the plant (11 marks)
- 3. a) Outline any Three impurities found in the natural water that have to be removed as part of boiler feed water treatment and explain the consequences if not removed (8 marks)
 - b) Mention the sources of air leakages in steam condenser and explain its effect on the condenser performance (8 marks)
 - c) Give Four requirements of an ideal condenser which contribute to its increased efficiency (4 marks)
- 4. a) Explain the four factor factors to be considered when selecting a material handling equipment (4 marks)
 - b) With aid of sketches, describe the construction and operation of the following:-
 - (i) Vibrating conveyer
 - (ii) Bucket conveyer (10 marks)
 - c) With the aid of a diagram, explain the construction and operation of an electrostatic Precipitator used in dust control (6 marks)
- 5. a)Illustrate the typical steam distribution layout and explain the function of all the
Components.(10 marks)
 - b) Explain Five problems associated with steam distribution (5 marks)
 - c) List Five maintenance checks, carried on cooling towers (5 marks)