

# **MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY**

University Examinations for 2020/2021 Academic Year
SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS
DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR
MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

BAC 813: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING
TIME: 9.00-12.00 PM

# **INSTRUCTIONS:**

DATE: 4/3/2021

- 1. Answer any FOUR (4) Questions, All Questions Carry Equal Marks
- 2. Give relevant examples to support your answers

# **QUESTION ONE (25 MARKS)**

The T accounts below summarize the ledger of Swiss Corporation at the end of the first month of operations:

	Cash	No. 101	<b>Unearned Revenue</b>	No. 209
4/1	10,000 4/15	450	4/29	600
4/12	600   4/25	1,100	·	
4/29	900			
4/29	600			
	Accounts Receivable	No. 112	Common Stock	No. 311
4/7	3,200 4/29	900	4/1	10,000
	Supplies	No. 126	Service Revenue	No. 400
4/4	1,800		4/7	3,200
	·		4/12	600
	Accounts Payable	No. 201	Salaries Expense	No. 726
4/25	1,100   4/4	1,800	4/15	450

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- a) Prepare the complete general journal entries (including explanations) from which the postings to Cash were made. (12 marks)
- b) The accountant notifies you that the unearned revenue was an advance posted on 29<sup>th</sup> April. However, you are informed that, some Kshs. 400 of the revenue has been earned by close of April 30<sup>th</sup>. Make the adjusting journal entry as at 30<sup>th</sup> April, and post to the T account.

(6 marks)

c) Prepare a Trial Balance

(7 marks)

## **QUESTION TWO (25 MARKS)**

a) Tofu Products, has purchased a new soybean processor for KShs. 300,000 (shipping and installation included). The processor has a useful life of 5 years and the expected salvage value is KShs. 10,000.

### **REQUIRED:**

- i. What is the depreciation expense for year 3 if the sum-of-years' digits (SYD) depreciation method is used? (9 marks)
- ii. Explain what happens when the company decides to change the salvage value of the asset. (6 marks)
- b) Explain the general principles of revenue recognition and accrual accounting. (10 marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE (25 MARKS)**

a) The following balances were obtained from a trading company as at 31.12.2018

Item	Kshs. ('000)	
Building	11,000	
Furniture & Fittings	5,500	
Motor vehicle	5,800	
Stocks	8,500	
Account receivables	5,600	
Cash in bank	1,500	
Account payables	2,500	
Share Capital	30,800	
Loan	5,000	

#### **REQUIRED**

Prepare a balance sheet for the financial year ending December 31,2018. (10 marks)

- b) During the first week of operations Dankan Company made the following transactions
  - 1. Issued 100,000 shares of Kshs. 11.25/- par value for Kshs. 8,000,000 cash

- 2. Borrowed Kshs. 2,000,000 from Cash Bank, signing a 5 year note payable bearing a 12%% interest.
- 3. Purchased two semi-trailer trucks for Kshs. 11 million cash
- 4. Paid employees Kshs. 12 million for salaries and wages
- 5. Collected Kshs. 200,000 for services provided

Classify each of these transactions by type of cash flow activity

(5 marks)

- c) "It is often argued that accounting is prune to manipulation, and the reliability of accounting numbers depend on the ethical behavior of accountants. That said, the following two types of accounting are debatable which one produces 'relevant' accounting numbers that can inform decision making".
  - i. Distinguish between cash basis of accounting and accrual basis of accounting.

(5 marks)

ii. Which type of accounting referred to above produces 'relevant' accounting reports.

(5 marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR (25 MARKS)**

a) The following transactions took place for KOLA Company in the year 2017.

Date	Description	Units	Cost (Kshs)
January 1	Beginning stock	200	6
February 6	Purchases	1000	7
May 17	Purchases	500	9
October 30	Purchases	400	11

A physical stock count done on December 31, 2017 indicated that 800 units were on hand. On average the market for KOLA products during the year occurs at the month of July auction. Operating costs were estimated at Kshs. 4,000 during the year and KOLA products sold in Japan are always marked at Kshs. 5 on cost.

#### **REQUIRED:**

i.	Calculate the number of units sold	(2 marks)
ii.	Compute LIFO income statement	(5 marks)
iii.	Compute FIFO Income statement	(5 marks)

- Advise KOLA which statement they should use if they want to approach a bank for financing since the company is facing liquidity problems. (3 marks)
- b) Kaa & Mondi are accountants for Hotel Resorts. They disagree over the following transactions that occurred during the calendar year 2015.
- 1. Kaa suggests that equipment should be reported on the balance sheet at its liquidation value, which is \$15,000 less than its cost.
- 2. Hotel Resorts bought a custom-made piece of equipment for \$24,000. This equipment has a useful life of 6 years. Hotel Resorts depreciates equipment using the straight-line method. "Since the equipment is custom-made, it will have no resale value. Therefore, it shouldn't be depreciated but instead should be expensed immediately," argues Kaa. "Besides, it provides for lower net income."
- 3. Depreciation for the year was \$18,000. Since net income is expected to be lower this year, Kaa suggests deferring depreciation to a year when there is more net income.
- 4. Land costing \$60,000 was appraised at \$90,000. Kaa suggests to increase the value of land and also recognized a gain of \$30,000.
- 5. Hotel Resorts purchased equipment for \$30,000 at a going-out-of-business sale. The equipment was worth \$45,000. Kaa believes that the following entry should be made.

  Mondi disagrees with Kaa on each of the above situations.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

For each transaction, indicate why Mondi disagrees. Identify the accounting principle or assumption that Kaa would be violating if his suggestions were used. (10 marks)

# **QUESTION FIVE (25 MARKS)**

USB COMPANY Comparative Balance Sheet December 31

# (in Kshs)

Assets	2017	2016
Current assets		
Cash	55,000	33,000
Accounts receivable	20,000	30,000
Inventory	15,000	10,000
Prepaid expenses	5,000	1,000
Property, Plant & Equipment		
Land	130,000	20,000
Building	160,000	40,000
Equipment	27,000	10,000
Acc depreciation – building	(13,000)	(5,000)
Acc depreciation – equipment	(3,000)	(1,00
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>398,000</u>	<u>138,000</u>
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
C 4 P. 1 PP.		
Current liabilities	20,000	12 000
Accounts payables	28,000	12,000
Income tax payable	6,000	8,000
Long term Liabilities	120,000	20.000
Bonds payables	130,000	20,000
Shareholder's Equity		
Share Capital	70,000	50,000
Retained Earnings	164,000	48,000
Total Liabilities & Shareholder's Equity	398,000	<u>138,000</u>
Additional Information for 2017		
Net Income	145,000	
Dividend paid-cash	29,000	
Total depreciation expense	9,000	
Cash spend on property, plant & equipment	145,000	
Equipment with book value of Kshs. 7,000	143,000	
(cost 8,000, less Acc depreciation 1,000) for		
Kshs. 4,000 cash.		
135113. 4,000 Casii.		

# **REQUIRED:**

a) Determine Net cash provided by operating activities

- (15 marks)
- b) Describe four enhancing qualitative characteristics of accounting information and state how they affect decision usefulness. (10 marks)