

## MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations for 2019/2020 Academic Year
SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS FIRST YEAR THIRD SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN BUSINESS MANAGEMENT DIPLOMA IN SUPPLIES CHAIN MANAGEMENT

## 2922/102,2925/102: FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

DATE: 15/12/2020
TIME: 2.30-5.30 PM
INSTRUCTIONS
This paper consists of part A and B;
Part A is compulsory
Part B choose only 4 questions.
Answers should be provided in English
PART A

1. Explain the meaning of the following as used in financial accounting
a) capital expenditure
b) revenue expenditure
2. explain two uses of accounting information in a business organization.
3. identify the ledger accounts to which balances from the following books of original entry are posted:
a) Purchases Journal
b) Sales Journal
c) Sales Return Journal
d) Purchases return journal
4. The following information relates to Wangu enterprises for the month of January 2020

1 january 2020:purchases ledger balance 89,720 (credit)
Totals for the month:
Purchases 235,890
Returns outwards 38,430
Cheques paid to suppliers 220,550
Prepare purchases ledger control account (2 marks)
5. Highlight two features of a balance sheet
6. The following transactions relates to Ijara traders for the month of September,2018 September

3;sold goods for ksh 64,000to Haria traders on credit
10 ;sold goods for ksh 88,000 to mamboline limited on credit.
Prepare a sales journal to record these transactions.
7. State the difference between 'receipts and payments account' and 'income and expenditure account'
8. The document shown below was issued by wakim traders to Tamara traders

Wakim Traders
P.O. Box 1730,machakos

To Tamara Traders
P.O. Box 1810,kitui Date:20/2/2019

We have credited your account as follows:

|  | Amount(ksh) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 10 copies of stationery returnedby you to us | 16,000 |

Signature $\qquad$
Outline two circumstances which may have led to issue of the above document (2 marks)
9. On 31 december 2017,Tom had a capital of ksh 1,000,000.on 1 january 2017,his capital was ksh ksh 650,000.during the year 2017,he made drawings amounting to ksh 108,000 and also invested ksh 750,000 in the business.

Determine Tom's profit or loss for the year ended 31 dec 2017.
10. The following information was provided by the treasurer 0 abeingo football club as at 18 December,2018

## Ksh

Assets 12,064,000
Liabilities
9,718,000
Determine the accumulated fund
11. Explain the meaning of the following terms in relation to a cash book

Cash discount
Contra entry
Bank overdraft
12. The following balances were obtained from the books of accounts of kaswanga traders on 31 dec ,2018:

|  | Ksh |
| :--- | :--- |
| Land and buildings | 200,000 |
| Current assets | 420,000 |
| Furniture | 60,000 |
| Motor car | 240,000 |
| Capital | 480,000 |

Prepare a trial balance as at 31 december, 2018
13. Determine the missing figures represented by the letters

| Business | Capital | Assets | Liabilities |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | 55,000 | 116,000 | Q |
| B | 93,000 | R | 150,000 |

14. Define the terms as used in bank reconciliation:
a) standing order
b) unpresented cheques
15. State two causes of depreciation of fixed assets
16. Explain the meaning of, imprest system, as used in petty cash book
17. The following balances were extracted from books of Jbali Traders as at 31 december,2017

|  | Ksh |
| :--- | :--- |
| Machinery | 150,000 |
| Motor vehicles | 200,000 |
| Stock | 40,000 |
| Creditors | 25,000 |
| 5 year Abib bank loan | 100,000 |
| Capital | 265,000 |

Prepare balance sheet as at December 2017
18. Explain the meaning of the following accounting concepts
a) Dual Aspect Concept
b) Accruals concept (2 marks)

## PART B

19. The following balances were extracted from the trial balance of Kitui millers as at 31 December 2018:

|  | Ksh |
| :--- | :--- |
| Capital | 283,200 |
| Drawings | 8,000 |
| Cash at bank | 30,000 |
| Machinery | 360,000 |
| Debtors | 42,700 |
| Creditors | 20,000 |
| Stock 1 January 2018 | 40,000 |
| Sales | 570,000 |
| Purchases | 325,000 |
| Returns inwards | 10,000 |
| Returns outwards | 15,000 |
| Carriage inwards | 4,000 |
| Carriage outwards | 5,000 |
| Rent expense | 18,000 |
| Salaries and wages | 40,000 |
| Discount received | 9,000 |
| General expenses | 14,500 |

The stock as at 31 December 2018 was valued at ksh 35,000.
Prepare
a) Income statement for the year ended at 31 December 2018
b) Statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018
20. a) The following is the balance shhet of Kato traders as at 1 April 2019.

Balance sheet as at 1 April 2019

| Assets: | ksh | capital and liabilities |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Equipment | 200,000 | capita | 415,000 |
| Furniture | 82,000 | moko(creditor) | 27,000 |
| Stock | 140,000 |  |  |
| Cash | 20,000 |  | 442,000 |

The following transactions took place during the month of April 2019:
April 4:the proprietor sold his personal assets for ksh .30,000,receiving a payment by cheque, which he invested in the business

10:purchased goods for ksh. 20,000 from mwenge on credit
19:returned goods worth ksh. 3,000 to mwenge.
30:sold goods for ksh. 12,000 in cash
i. Prepare ledger accounts to show the opening balances
ii. Record the transactions in the relevant ledger accounts and balance them off (9 marks)
b) Explain three factors that may influence accounting information compilation and reporting procedures (6 marks)
21. a) On 1 June 2018,Mango ent had cash in hand ksh. 87,000 and cash at bank ksh. 250,000 During the month ,the following transactions took place:

June 2:cash sales ksh. 50,00
3:paid salaries ksh.101,000 by cheque
6:received a cheque for ksh. 76,800 fro Meru traders, after allowing a cash discount of $4 \%$

12:bought office furniture for ksh. 85,000 by cheque

16:settled Tim supplier's account of ksh. 40,000 in cash after deducting a cash discount of ksh 800

18:received a cheque for $\mathrm{ksh}, 150,000$ in respect for sales
21:paid wages ksh.24,000 in cash
22:withdrew ksh.30,000 from the bank foe office use
30:deposited all cash in the bank except ksh. 25,000
Prepare a three column cash book.
b) lantata traders bought motor vehicle KCA 616A on 1 januar 2017 for ksh. 1,500,000 and KCP 800B on 30 september 2018 for ksh. 2,000,000.provision for depreciation is provided at the rate of $10 \%$ per annum on pro-rata basis,using straight line method. For each of the years ended 31 december 2017 and 2018, prepare;
i. Motor vehicles acoount
ii. Provision for depreciation on motorvehicles account (6 marks)
22. A manufacturing firm operates on an imprest system, with a cash float of ksh. 10,000 per week. on 1 June 2019, the petty cashier had a balance of ksh. 4,000. on 5 June 2019,she received a reimbursement from the main cahier to restore the cash float The following payments were made during week;

June 8: paid Amos, a creditor ksh. 800
9: paid for envelopes ksh. 300
10: paid for washing powder ksh. 480
11: bought postage stamps for ksh. 280
12:paid for soap detergent ksh. 750
14: paid for milk ksh. 450
15: paid for printing paper for ksh. 430
Prepare a petty cash book using the following analysis column:
-cleaning
-stationery
-postage
-staff tea
-ledger
23. a) The following expenditure was extracted from books of Loku Enterprises during the year ended 31 December 2018.

|  | Ksh |
| :--- | :--- |
| Purchases of oofice printer | 25,000 |
| Salaries and wages | 142,000 |
| Painting of office | 15,000 |
| Repair and maintenance to motor van | 8,5000 |
| Installation of cctv cameras | 40,000 |
| Office stationery | 4,500 |
| Fuels and oils | 12,000 |
| Installation of alarms system | 35,000 |
| Rent expenses | 40,000 |
| Extension to buildings | 65,000 |
| Purchase of land | 500,000 |
| Electricity bills | 10,500 |

## Determine the:

i. Total capital expenditure
ii. Total revenue expenditure (8 marks)
b) explain the use of each of the following source documents;
i. Quotation
ii. Credit note
iii. Purchases order
iv. Cash receipt
24. The following information realates to Zote Traders for the month of march,2019.

Balances as at 1 march 2019 ksh
Sales ledger
77,400(dr)
Purchases ledger
91,300(cr)
Transactions during the month;

| Credit sales | 723,200 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Bad debts written off | 32,500 |
| Discounts allowed | 65,000 |
| Dishonoured cheques | 35,000 |
| Discount received | 61,800 |
| Credit purchases | 600,000 |


| Refund to debtors | 14,900 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cheques received from debtors | 471,800 |
| Returns inwards | 48,000 |
| Cheques paid to creditors | 402,700 |
| Returns outwards | 24,500 |
| Cash paid to creditors | 70,000 |
| Balances as at 31 march 2019; |  |
| .sales ledger | $19,500(\mathrm{CR})$ |
| .purchases ledger | $14,800(\mathrm{DR})$ |

## Prepare a;

a) Sales Ledger Control Account
b) Purchases ledger control accounts

