



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

ISO 9001:2008 Certified 

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2019/2020

**UNIVERSITY SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS
FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE STATISTICS AND PROGRAMMING AND
ACTUARIAL SCIENCE**

SST 103: LINEAR ALGEBRA

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

(a) Answer **ALL** the questions in Section A and **ANY TWO** Questions in Section B

SECTION A

QUESTION ONE 30 Marks (Compulsory)

a) Find the angle between the following vectors $4i + 4j + 6k$ and $i + 2j + 2k$ (4 marks)

b) Solve the homogenous system by Gauss elimination method

$$2x - 4y + 6z = 20$$

$$3x - 6y + z = 22$$

$$-2x + 5y - 9z = 18 \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

c) If $\begin{vmatrix} 4y & 20 \\ 4y & 8y + 4 \end{vmatrix} = 8$ find y (3 marks)

Calculate the cross product of the vectors $\vec{u} = (2, 2, 3)$ and $\vec{v} = (-1, 1, 3)$. (3 marks)

d) Find the inverse of the following matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(4 marks)

- e) Show that the vector $(2,-6,3)$ is a linear combination of the $(3,-5,4)$ and $(1,-2,-1)$
- f) Calculate the x and y values for the vector $(x, y, 1)$ that is orthogonal to the vectors $(3, 2, 0)$ and $(2, 1, -1)$. (4 marks)
- g) Determine if $(1,2,2,1)$, $(2,3,4,1)$ and $(3,8,7,5)$ is linearly dependent (4 marks)
- h) Find the dot product of the following vectors $(3,4, -1)$ and $(4,6,1)$ (3 marks)

SECTION B

QUESTION TWO 20 MARKS

- a) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $T(x, y) = x + y$. Is T a linear map? (7 marks)
- b) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be defined by $T(x, y) = \{x + y, x\}$. Find the kernel of T (5 marks)
- c) Let $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ be the linear mapping defined by
 $T(x, y, z) = (x + 2y - z, y + z, x + y + z)$. Find the basis and dimension of
- Image of T
 - Kernel of T (8marks)

QUESTION THREE 20 MARKS

- a) Find the equation of the plane passing through the point $(3, -1, 7)$ and perpendicular to the vector $n = (4, 2, -5)$ (5 marks)
- b) Find the distance from the origin to the plane $2x + 3y - z = 2$ (5 marks)
- c) Find the parametric equations for the line of intersection of the plane
 $3x + 2y - 4z - 6 = 0$ and $x - 3y - 2z - 4 = 0$ (5 marks)
- d) Find the distance D between the point $(1, -4, -3)$ and the plane $2x - 3y + 6z = -1$ (5 marks)

QUESTION FOUR 20 MARKS

- a) Show that $w = \{(x, y, z) | x + y + z = 0\}$ is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^3 (5 marks)
- b) Show that the vectors $u=(1,-1,0)$ $v=(1,3,-1)$ and $w=(5,3,-2)$ are linearly dependent. (5 marks)
- c) Find the rank of the following matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 3 \\ 3 & -3 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

(5 marks)

d) Solve by crammer's Rule

$$x - 2y + 3z = 10$$

$$3x - 6y + z = 22$$

$$-2x + 5y - 2z = -18$$

(5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE 20 MARKS

a) Define a vector space

(6 marks)

b) Show that $W = \{(x, y) / x = 2y\}$ is a subspace for \mathbb{R}^2 .

(4 marks)

c) Prove that the diagonals of a rhombus are perpendicular.

(5 marks)

d) Find the parametric and the symmetric equations of the line passing through the point $(2, 3, -4)$ and parallel to the vector $(3, 5, -6)$

(5 marks)