

# DATE: 24/8/2022

TIME: 2.00-4.00 PM

#### **INSTRUCTION:**

# Answer Question One and Any Other Two Questions

# **QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

- a) A plate at a distance of  $0.2 \ cm$  from a fixed point. The plate moves at and requires a force  $40 \ dyres \ cm^2$  of to maintain that speed. Determine the coefficient of viscosity of the fluid between the plates. (4 marks)
- b) Determine the equation of streamline passing through the point (a, 0) if the 2-D flow is

described by; 
$$u = \frac{-y}{b^2}$$
,  $v = \frac{x}{a^2}$  (4 marks)

c) Given the velocity fields;

$$V_r = 4\cos\theta \left(1 - \frac{1}{r^2}\right), \qquad V_{\theta} = -4\sin\theta \left(1 + \frac{1}{r^2}\right), \qquad V_z = 0$$

Show that the velocity field represent a possible incompressible flow (5 marks)

d) Prove that 
$$C_p - C_v = \rho$$
 (5 marks)

e) Calculate the velocity field of a spherically symmetric flow whose stream function is

$$\psi(r,\theta) = \frac{Ua^3}{2r}\sin^3\theta - \frac{Ur^2}{2}\sin^2\theta$$
(5 marks)

f) The *x* component of the velocity in a certain plane flow depends on *y* by the relationship u(y) = Ay. Determine the *y* component v(x, y) of the velocity if v(x, 0) = 0 (5 marks)

g) Determine whether the fluid with vorticity component  $u = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$ ,  $v = \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$ , is irrotational. (5 marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

- a) Determine the analytical function f(z) = u + iv, given that;  $u = x^3 - 3y^2 + 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 2x + 1$  (6 marks)
- b) Given that w = u + iv is the fluids complex potential function, and that f(z) is an analytic complex function with z = x + iy. Derive the;
  - i. The Cauchy -Riemann's set of equations for the complex velocity potential function (7 marks)
  - ii. Laplace's equation for the complex velocity potential function (7 marks)

# **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

The ideal gas obeying Boyle's law  $P = k\rho$  is rushing from a boiler through a conical pipe with radii *a and b*; (b > a) at the two ends. If the gas enters a pipe from the narrow end with the velocity V and escapes through the other end with velocity U, show that  $V = \frac{Ub^2}{a^2} \exp\left[\frac{V^2 - U^2}{2k}\right]$ 

#### **QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

A two-dimensional flow towards a normal boundary is found to be characterized by a normal component of the velocity that varies directly with distance from the boundary. Determine;

- a) The stream function (11 marks)
- b) The stream line (9 marks)

# **QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

Given the velocity of an incompressible fluid at the point (x, y, z) as;

$$u = \frac{3xz}{r^5}, \quad v = \frac{3yz}{r^5}, \quad w = \frac{3z^2 - r^2}{r^5}$$

Show that;

a) The fluid motion is possible

(12 marks)

b) The velocity potential is 
$$\frac{-\cos\theta}{r^2}$$
; *if*  $z = r\cos\theta$  (8 marks)