



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations 2021/2022 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

FOURTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (STATISTICS AND PROGRAMMING)

SMA 465: INTRODUCTION TO MEASURE AND PROBABILITY

DATE: 26/8/2022

TIME: 2.00-4.00 PM

INSTRUCTION:

Answer **ALL** Questions from **Section A** and any other **TWO** Questions in **Section B**.

All questions in **Section B** carry equal marks.

Start each Question on a **new** page.

SECTION A (30 Marks). Answer ALL questions.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Define the following terms as used in measure theory and probability
- A closed Set (1 mark)
 - σ - algebra (1 mark)
 - Event (1 mark)
 - Measure (1 mark)
 - Sample space (1 mark)
 - Interval additive property (1 mark)
- b) State the fundamental theorem of Lebesgue measure on \mathbb{R}^n (3 marks)
- c) List any two axioms of measure space (2 marks)
- d) Show that If $A, B \in \mathcal{P}$ then $\mu(B) = \mu(A \cap B) + \mu(B \setminus A)$ (2 marks)
- e) Describe briefly the fundamental theorems of integral functions in measure theory. (2 marks)
- f) Let $X_1, X_2, X_3 \dots$ be a sequence of independently identical distributed random variables (*i. i. i random variables*) each with the same distribution, each having common mean $\mu = (X)$ and variance $\delta^2 = Va(X)$. Show that $(X) = (X) \times E(N) = \mu E(N)$, where $S = \sum_{j=1}^N X_j$, and the number in the sum, N is also a random variable and is independent of the

- $X_{j,S}$. (4 marks)
- g) Give any two application of measure (2 marks)
- h) Describe any two types of measure with well-illustrated examples. (4 marks)
- i) Differentiate between the following
- i. measurable sets and measurable functions (2 marks)
 - ii. measurable space and measure space (2 marks)
 - iii. probability space and probability measure (2 marks)

SECTION B (40 Marks). Answer any TWO questions

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Define the conditional expectation of random variables (3 marks)
- b) State any four properties of conditional expectation (2 marks)
- c) State and prove the law of large numbers (4 marks)
- d) Let X and Y be two independent random variables, show that $E(X/Y) = E(Y)$ (3 marks)
- e) Let X, Y Z be jointly distributed with pdf,

$$f(xyz) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{3/2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)} & -\infty < x, y, z < \infty \\ 0 & \text{else where} \end{cases}$$

Find $f(X/YZ)$, $f(Y/XZ)$, and $f(Z/XY)$ (9 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 Marks)

- a) What are Lebasque measurable sets (2 marks)
- b) Describe any two examples of Lebasque measurable sets (4 marks)
- c) State the central limit theorem and its importance in sampling distributions (2 marks)
- d) State and prove the Fatou's Lemma (5 marks)
- e) State and prove the law of large numbers (7 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Define the characteristic function of a random variable (1 mark)
- b) If X is normally distributed with mean μ and variance δ^2 ,
- i. Obtain the characteristic function of X; (8 marks)

- marks)
- ii. Using the characteristic function, find the mean of X (2 marks)
- iii. Hence find the variance of X (4 marks)
- c) With well-illustrated examples show that the length, area and volume possess additive properties in measure theory. (5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) What is an integral function (3 marks)
- b) state any five properties of inferable functions (5 marks)
- c) describe the two modes of convergence theorems (6 marks)
- d) Define μ – finite measure (3 marks)
- e) Describe Lebasque measure (3 marks)