# MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY 

University Examinations 2016/2017
SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

## SCO 111: DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

## INSTRUCTION:

Answer Question ONE which is compulsory and any other TWO Questions

## QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

a) Determine the gradient of the curve $x^{2}+2 x y-2 y^{2}+x=2$ at the point $(-4,1)$
(4 marks)
b) Determine the inflection point of $f(x)=x^{3}-6 x^{2}+9 x+1$
c) State the L'Hôpital's Rule, hence or otherwise evaluate

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow-3} \frac{x+3}{x^{2}+5 x+6}
$$

d) Determine $\frac{d y}{d x}$ given that
i. $y=x^{x}$
ii. $\quad y=\left(x^{2}+3 x\right)^{7}$
e) Given $f(x)=\frac{x}{x+1}$ and $g(x)=\frac{x}{1-x}$ Determine $(f . g)^{-1}$
f) Prove that $\frac{d}{d x}(\sin x)=\cos x$ from the first principles the derivative of
g) Determine the equation of the tangent line to the curve $y=x^{3}$ at $(1,1)$ (2marks)
h) Given that $f(0)=8, g(0)=5, f^{\prime}(0)=3, g^{\prime}(0)=1$, Find $F^{\prime}(0)$ where

$$
\begin{equation*}
F(x)=\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}+3 x^{2}+4 \tag{3marks}
\end{equation*}
$$

## QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a) Determine the values of the gradients of the tangents drawn to the circle $x^{2}+y^{2}-3 x+4 y=-1$ at $x=1$ correct to two significant figures
b) Using logarithmic differentiation, differentiate the following functions;
i. $x e^{x} \sin x$
ii. $t e^{t} \cos t$
(3 marks)
c) Determine $\frac{d y}{d x}$ given that $x=\frac{t}{1+t}$, and $y=\frac{t^{3}}{1+t}$ at the point $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
d) Find the equation of the normal line to the hyperbola $y=\frac{3}{x}$ at the point $x=3$
(4 marks)

## QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) Evaluate $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{2+x}-\sqrt{2}}{x}$
b) Obtain $\frac{d f(x)}{d x}$ for $f(x)=\frac{\sin x+e^{2 x}}{\sin x}$ marks)
c) Ink is dropped onto a blotting paper forming a circular stain which increases at the rate of $5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2} / \mathrm{s}$. Find the rate of change of the radius when the area is $30 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ (5 marks)
d) If $y=3 e^{2 x} \cos (2 x-3)$, Verify that $\frac{d^{2} y}{d x^{2}}-4 \frac{d y}{d x}+8 y=0$
(8 marks)

## QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

a) An object moves along a coordinate line, its position at each time $t \geq 0$ given by $f(t)=3 t^{2}-7 t+4$. Find the position, velocity and acceleration at time $t=4 \mathrm{sec}$.
(3 marks)
b) Determine $\frac{d y}{d x}$ at $x=3.1$ given that $y=\frac{2 x^{3}}{\cosh 3 x}$
(5 marks)
c) The curve of the function $f(x)=\alpha x^{5}+\beta x^{4}+5 x^{3}-1$ passes through $(1,0)$ and has a stationary point at $(1,0)$. Find the value of $\alpha, \beta$, the other turning points and hence sketch the curve

## QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) State the mean value theorem of differential calculus and hence determine the value of the constant " $c$ " that satisfy the theorem in $f(x)=x^{3}+2 x^{2}-x,[-1,2] \quad$ (6 marks)
b) Determine the dimensions that would minimize the total surface area of an open rectangular container if it is to have a volume of $32 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
c) Determine the domain for each of the following functions
i) $y=x^{3}+3 x-6$
(1 mark)
ii) $y=\frac{1}{x^{2}+6 x+9}$
(2 marks)
d) Given $f(x)=3 x-2$, determine $f^{-1}(x)$
(3 marks)

