

# SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

# FIRST YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

#### **SCO 111: DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS**

### DATE: 31/5/2017

TIME: 2:00 – 4:00 PM

#### **INSTRUCTION:**

d)

Answer Question ONE which is compulsory and any other TWO Questions

#### **QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)**

a) Determine the gradient of the curve  $x^2 + 2xy - 2y^2 + x = 2$  at the point (-4, 1)

(4 marks)

- b) Determine the inflection point of  $f(x) = x^3 6x^2 + 9x + 1$  (4 marks)
- c) State the *L'Hôpital's Rule*, hence or otherwise evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to -3} \frac{x+3}{x^2+5x+6}$$
(3 marks)

Determine 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 given that  
i.  $y = x^{x}$   
ii.  $y = (x^{2} + 3x)^{7}$ 

ii. 
$$y = (x^2 + 3x)^7$$
 (6 marks)

e) Given 
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$$
 and  $g(x) = \frac{x}{1-x}$  Determine  $(f \cdot g)^{-1}$  (4 marks)

f) Prove that 
$$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x$$
 from the first principles the derivative of (4 marks)

g) Determine the equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = x^3$  at (1,1) (2marks)

h) Given that 
$$f(0) = 8$$
,  $g(0) = 5$ ,  $f'(0) = 3$ ,  $g'(0) = 1$ , Find  $F'(0)$  where  

$$F(x) = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} + 3x^{2} + 4$$
(3 marks)

#### **QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

- a) Determine the values of the gradients of the tangents drawn to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 3x + 4y = -1$  at x = 1 correct to two significant figures (6 marks)
- b) Using logarithmic differentiation, differentiate the following functions;
  - i.  $xe^x \sin x$  (3 marks)

ii. 
$$te^t \cos t$$
 (3 marks)

c) Determine 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 given that  $x = \frac{t}{1+t}$ , and  $y = \frac{t^3}{1+t}$  at the point  $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ 

(4 marks)

d) Find the equation of the normal line to the hyperbola  $y = \frac{3}{x}$  at the point x = 3 (4 marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

a) Evaluate 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{2+x} - \sqrt{2}}{x}$$
 (3 marks)

b) Obtain 
$$\frac{df(x)}{dx}$$
 for  $f(x) = \frac{\sin x + e^{2x}}{\sin x}$  0 (4)

marks)

c) Ink is dropped onto a blotting paper forming a circular stain which increases at the rate of  $5cm^2/s$ . Find the rate of change of the radius when the area is  $30cm^2$  (5 marks)

d) If 
$$y = 3e^{2x}\cos(2x-3)$$
, Verify that  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 0$  (8 marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

a) An object moves along a coordinate line, its position at each time  $t \ge 0$  given by  $f(t) = 3t^2 - 7t + 4$ . Find the position, velocity and acceleration at time t = 4 sec.

(3 marks)

- b) Determine  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  at x = 3.1 given that  $y = \frac{2x^3}{\cosh 3x}$  (5 marks)
- c) The curve of the function  $f(x) = \alpha x^5 + \beta x^4 + 5x^3 1$  passes through (1,0) and has a stationary point at (1,0). Find the value of  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , the other turning points and hence sketch the curve (12 marks)

#### **QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- a) State the mean value theorem of differential calculus and hence determine the value of the constant "c" that satisfy the theorem in  $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 x$ , [-1,2] (6 marks)
- b) Determine the dimensions that would minimize the total surface area of an open rectangular container if it is to have a volume of  $32m^3$  (8 marks)
- c) Determine the domain for each of the following functions

i) 
$$y = x^3 + 3x - 6$$
 (1 mark)  
ii)  $y = \frac{1}{x^2 + 6x + 9}$  (2 marks)

d) Given 
$$f(x) = 3x - 2$$
, determine  $f^{-1}(x)$  (3 marks)