

MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations for 2016/2017

SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR THE DIPLOMA IN AGRICULTURAL EDUCATON AND EXTENSION

KRM 0309: PERENNIAL CROPS

TIME: 16/12/2016

2:00 – 4:00 PM

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES:

Answer *ALL* questions from Section A and any other *TWO* from Section B:

SECTION A: COMPULSORY: (30 MARKS)

1.	a)	Expla	in five importance of perennial crops in environmental management and		
		sustai	nability	(5 marks)	
	b)	i)	Explain two reasons why shade should be included in some		
			perennial crops plantations	(2 marks)	
		ii) With two examples, explain two reasons why windb		eaks are important in	
			perennial plantations	(2 marks)	
	c)	Explain	how a farmer can establish the following crops		
		i) Coco	onut	(2 marks)	
		ii) Suga	arcane	(2 marks)	
		iii) Cof	fee	(2 marks)	
	d)	d) i) Explain why farmers practice tipping in tea productio		n and when should it	
			be done	(2 marks)	
	(ii) Distinguish between fine and coarse plucking in tea proc		roduction		
				(2 marks)	

Explain two reasons why you would encourage farmers to plant the following e) crops

	i)	Macadamia	(2 marks)
	ii)	Cashew nut	(2 marks)
	iii)	Sisal	(2 marks)
f)	Expla	in two differences between Arabica and Robusta coffee	(2 marks)
h)	Explain three methods a farmer can use in extracting his/her own sisal		
			(3 marks)

SECTION B: ANSWER ANY TWO OUESTIONS (40 MARKS)

2.	Explain the propagation of tea under the following headings					
	a)	Planting	(5 marks)			
	b)	Pruning	(5 marks)			
	c)	Diseases and their control	(5 marks)			
	d)	Harvesting	(5 marks)			
3.	Explain Coffee production under the following headings					
	a)	Pruning	(5 marks)			
	b)	Uses	(5 marks)			
	c)	Fertilizer application	(5 marks)			
	d)	i) Coffee Berry disease management				
		ii) Coffee Wilt disease symptoms	(5 marks)			
4.	a)	With relevant examples, explain how a farmer can management pest	s and diseases			
		in a coconut farm	(10 marks)			
	b)	Explain 10 challenges facing perennial production in Kenya	(10 marks)			
5.	a)	Explain macadamia production in Kenya under the following				
		i) canopy management	(9 marks)			
		ii) Training	(3 marks)			
	b)	Explain four management practices you would advice the farmer to	o carry out for			

maximum production of pyrethrum (8 marks)