

MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations 2016/2017

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL AND MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING

SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

MED-PR 212: THERMODYNAMICS II

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer all questions in Section A and choose any other TWO in Section B

SECTION A

1. a) From first principles show that the change in entropy of one kilogram of a gas is given by

$$S = C_V L n \frac{P_2}{P_1} + C_P L n \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$
 (8 marks)

b) 0.3 kg of air at a pressure of 350 KN/m² and a temperature of 35°c respectively receives heat energy at constant volume until its pressure becomes 700KN/m². It then receives heat energy at constant pressure until its volume becomes 0.2289m³. Determine the change of entropy during each process.

$$(Take\ C_p = 1.006kJ/Kg\ K\ and C_v = 0.717\ kJ/Kg\ K)$$
 (12 marks)

An engine works on the constant volume cycle. It has a bore of 80mm and a stroke of 85mm, the clearance volume of the bore of the engine is 0.06 litre. The actual thermal efficiency of the engine is 22%. Determine the relative efficiency of the engine. (Take $^{\gamma}$ =1.4) (10 marks)

SECTION B

- 2. A quantity of gas has an initial pressure, volume and temperature of 140KN/m^2 , 0.14m^3 and 25°c respectively. It is compressed to a pressure of 1.4MN/m^2 according to the law $PV^{1.25}$ = C. Determine
 - a) The change of entropy (10 marks)
 - b) The approximate change of entropy contained by dividing the heat transferred by the gas by the mean absolute temperature during the compression. (10 marks) $(Take\ C_p=1.041kJ/kgK,\ C_v=0.743kJ/kgK)$
- 3. A gas engine is supplied with coal gas of the following composition: $53.6\%~H_2$; 9%~CO; $25\%~;~CH_43\%~;~C_4H_2$; $0.4\%O_2~;~3\%CO_2$; $6\%~N_2$. If the air fuel ratio is 6.5/1by volume, calculate the analysis of the dry products of combustion. It can be assumed that the stoichiometric air fuel ratio is less than 6.5/1 (20 marks)
- 4. A four-cylinder stroke diesel engine has a compression ratio of 16:1, a bore of 180 mm and a stroke of 320mm. At a speed of 750 rev/min, the brake mean effectiveness pressure is 9.5 bar and the specific fuel consumption is 0.201 kg/kWh. The calorific value of the fuel is 44200kJ/kg. The atmospheric conditions are 25°c and 0.98bar respectively. If the mechanical efficiency of the engine is 83%, determine the:
 - a) Indicated power
 - b) Indicated thermal efficiency
 - c) Volumetric efficiency

(Take
$$R=287 \text{ j/KgK}$$
) (20 marks)

- 5. In an ideal diesel cycle the volume ratios of the adiabatic expansion and compression are 7.5:1 and 15:1, respectively. The pressure and temperature at the beginning of compression are 98kN/m² and 44^oc respectively. The pressure at the end of the adiabatic expansion is 258kN/m². Determine:
 - a) The maximum temperature attained during the cycle (10 marks)
 - b) The thermal efficiency of the cycle. (10 marks) (Take γ =1.4)