



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations 2018/2019

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, STATISTICS AND ACTUARIAL SCIENCE

FIRST YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY IN FINANCE

BMS 900: STATISTICS FOR BUSINESS I

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS:

Attempt Question ONE and Any Other Two Questions

QUESTION (COMPULSORY)(30 MARKS)

- a) Table 1 shows a frequency distribution of the weekly wages of 65 employees of a company.

Table 1:

Wages (\$)	Number of employees
250.00-259.99	8
260.00-269.99	10
270.00-279.99	16
280.00-289.99	14
290.00-299.99	10
300.00-309.99	5
310.00-319.99	2

Total 65

Determine

- The class mark of the third class
- The size of the fifth-class interval
- The relative frequency of the third class (6 marks)

- b) Table 2 show the frequency distribution of heights (in inch) of 100 males at a university.

Table 2

Height (inch)	Number of students
60-62	5
63-65	18
66-68	42
69-71	27
72-74	8
Total	100

Find

- i) the mean height
 ii) the median height
 iii) the modal class (6 marks)
- c) The revenue from an investment by an investor in three ventures is expected to be Ksh 2 m, Ksh 4m and Ksh 6m respectively. Calculate
- i) arithmetic mean,
 ii) Geometric mean,
 iii) Harmonic mean of the revenue
- Explain the preferable mean to apply in this case. (8 marks)
- d) i) Let the X be a discrete random variable with probability mass function
 $f(x) = c$, for $x = 1, 2, 3, 4$. Determine the value of c .
 Hence, or otherwise calculate
- ii) $E(X)$
 iii) $\text{Var}(X)$ (5 marks)
- e) Let a random variable X have the Poisson distribution with parameter m .
- i) Write down the expression for the probability mass function
 ii) Calculate the probability
 $P(0 < X < 7)$ (5 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Suppose a random variable X has a normal distribution for which the mean is 1 and the variance is 4. Find the value of each of the following probabilities:
- (i) $P(X \leq 3)$ (ii) $P(X > 1.5)$ (iii) $P(X = 1)$ (iv) $P(2 < X < 5)$. (8 marks)
- b) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} \exp(-3x^2) dx$ (6 marks)
- c) i) Define μ , for a random variable X , its moment generating function $M(t)$.
- ii) Show that $\text{Var}(X) = M''(0) - [M'(0)]^2$, where $M'(0)$ and $M''(0)$ are the first and the second derivative of $M(t)$ with respect to t , respectively. (8 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Consider Table 1 in Question 1. Calculate
- i) the mean wage
- ii) the variance and
- iii) the standard deviation of the wages (6 marks)
- b) Assuming that the data in Table 1 is a sample from some population, estimate the 95% confidence interval for the population mean. (4 marks)
- c) i) Give the expression for calculating the median for a grouped data. (4 marks)
- ii) Using the formula specified in part (i), calculate the median wage for the data in Table 1. (6 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Consider Table 2 in Question 1. Calculate
- i) the mean deviation height, MD
- Hence, determine the percentage of students' heights that fall within the ranges
- ii) $\text{Mean} \pm \text{MD}$
- iii) $\text{Mean} \pm 3 \text{MD}$ (8 marks)
- b) i) Define the moment coefficient of skewness. (4 marks)
- ii) Calculate the moment coefficient of skewness of the data in Table 2 in Question 1. (8 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

a) Let X denote a continuous random variable .

i) Define the distribution function of X , $F(x)$.

Hence

ii) Show that the probability

$$P (a < X < b) = F(b) - F(a) \quad (8 \text{ marks})$$

b) The profits, in millions of Ksh., from some investment undertaking is random variable. However it is known to lie between zero and Ksh 4 million. Given that the probability density function of X is given by

$$f(x) = cx, \quad 0 < X < 4;$$

Determine

i) c

ii) $P(1 < X < 2)$

iii) $P (X > 2)$

iv) $\text{Var} (X)$ (12 marks)