# MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY 

University Examinations 2018/2019

## SCHOOL OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF FASHION DESIGN AND MARKETING
THIRD YEAR SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATIONS FOR BACHELOR FASHION DESIGN AND MARKETING AND CRM

## HCU 301-INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS

DATE: 27/9/2019
TIME: 11:00-1:00 PM

## Instruction: Attempt question ONE and any other TWO questions

## QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

(a) Explain the meaning of the following terms as applied in Statistics
(i) Population
(ii) Variable
(iii) Null hypothesis
b) Differentiate between each of the following terms:
(i) Nominal and interval measurement scales
(iii) Type I and Type II errors as used in test of hypothesis (4 marks)
c) The table below shows marks scored by students in a statistics examination

| Class | $40-44$ | $45-49$ | $50-54$ | $55-59$ | $60-64$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | 6 | 10 | 25 | 11 | 2 |

Calculate the mean and standard deviation
d) A study of 49 randomly chosen 8-year-olds shows that they watch television an average of 38 hours per week with a standard deviation of 6.4 hours. Assuming normal distribution, construct a $99 \%$ confidence interval for the average time per week that all such children watch television
(6 marks)
e) A marketing research group reports that a typical supermarket shopper spends an average of ksh 1400 per week on groceries. A sample of 50 randomly selected shoppers spends an average of ksh 1540 with a standard deviation of ksh 620 per week. At $5 \%$ level of significance, tests if the report is correct?
(6 marks)
f) Two true six-sided dice are rolled, what is the probability of a total score of 8 . (4 marks)

## QUESTION TWO

a) The data below shows the number of hours worked in one week by employees in certain textile company

| 46.3 | 39.2 | 44.2 | 41.3 | 45.1 | 42.3 | 43.5 | 40.0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 45.6 | 40.6 | 42.0 | 42.6 | 45.6 | 39.5 | 43.1 | 39.7 |
| 46.1 | 38.9 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 45.0 | 44.4 | 42.4 | 40.8 |

Tabulate a frequency distribution table with class intervals by $38.9-40.4, \ldots$ etc
(6 marks)
b) Use the table in 2(a) above to calculate the:
$\begin{array}{llr}\text { (i) } & \text { quartile deviation } & (8 \text { marks }) \\ \text { (ii) } & \text { mode } & (3 \text { marks }) \\ \text { (iii) } & \text { median } & (3 \text { marks })\end{array}$

## QUESTION THREE

a) The mean weight of a consignment of 500 barrels of second hand shoes is 151 kg and a standard deviation of 15 kg .If the weight are normally distributed determine how many barrels weigh
(i) Between 120 kg and 155 kg ( 4 marks)
(ii) More than 185 kg
(iii) Less than 128 kg
b) A supermarket owner is studying how the average waiting time in minutes for customer checkout depends on the number of checkout clerks working. The results are shown below

| No of clerks on duty (x) | 3 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Waiting time (y) | 9 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 |

Determine the linear least squares regression equation for waiting time as a function of the number clerks on duty.

## QUESTION FOUR

(a) A small company is interested in analyzing the effects of advertising on its sales, over a 5-month period. The results are as follows

| Advertising (x) | 5 | 8 | 10 | 15 | 22 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sales (y) | 6 | 15 | 20 | 30 | 39 |

Calculate the correlation coefficient between sales and advertising.
(8 marks)
(b) A consumer research organization conducts a survey of drivers to determine if there is any difference in their choice of brand of Japanese-made cars based on their gender as shown below

|  | Toyota | Subaru | Nissan |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Women | 70 | 80 | 150 |
| Men | 40 | 60 | 100 |

i) Construct the corresponding table of expected frequencies.
ii) Determine the value of the chi-square statistic.

## QUESTION FIVE

a) Explain the meaning of each of the following terms as used in probability theory.
i) Random experiment
ii) An event
iii) Mutually exclusive events
iv) Independent events.
b) Given the following set of data, construct the analysis of variance (ANOVA) table (12 marks)

| $A$ | $B$ | $C$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15 | 18 | 6 |
| 10 | 20 | 15 |
| 15 | 22 | 10 |

