



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations 2023/2024

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (SCIENCE)

SPH 304: AC CIRCUIT THEORY

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS:

- The paper consists of **two** sections.
- Section **A** is **compulsory** (30 marks).
- Answer any **two** questions from section **B** (each 20 marks).

QUESTION ONE (30 marks)

- a) Explain what you understand by the following terms
- i. Electrical filter circuits (2 marks)
 - ii. Cut-off frequency of a filter circuit (2 marks)
- b) If an ideal generator of e.m.f $e = 400 \sin 1000t$ V is applied to a series circuit consisting of a pure inductor, inductance 100 mH, and a capacitor, capacitance $5 \mu\text{F}$, determine the instantaneous current flowing in the circuit. (4 marks)
- c) The RLC circuit shown in Figure 1 is at resonance. Calculate
- i. The resonant frequency (3 marks)
 - ii. The Q-factor (3 marks)
 - iii. The p.d across the inductor (3 marks)

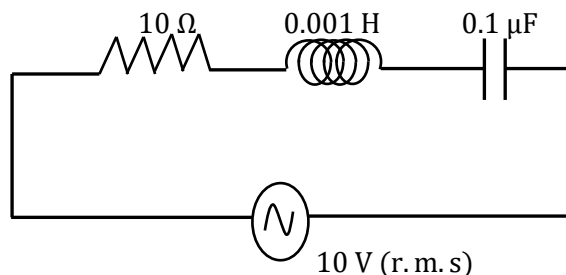


Figure 1

- d) Two circuits with impedances of $Z_1 = 10 + j15 \Omega$ and $Z_2 = 6 - j8 \Omega$ are connected in parallel. If the total current supplied is 15A, determine,
- Calculate the total impedance (in polar form) (4 marks)
 - Draw the circuit Phasor diagram showing all currents. (4 marks)
 - Calculate the power factor for the whole circuit. (2 marks)
- e) A 100- Ω transmission line is connected to a load consisting of a 50- Ω resistor in series with a 10-pF capacitor as shown in Figure 2 calculate the reflection coefficient at the load (3 marks)

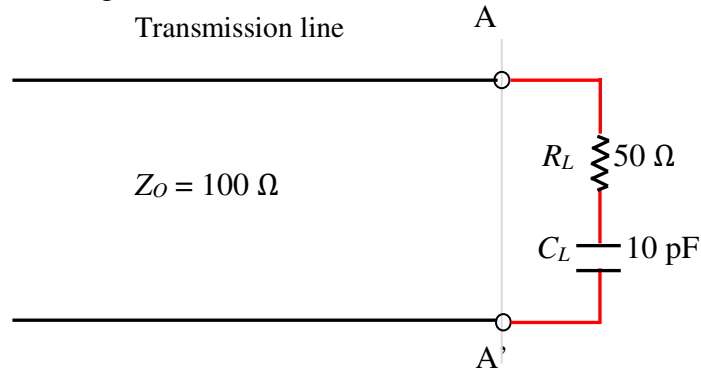


Figure 2

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Define the following terms as used in transmission lines
- Propagation constant (2 marks)
 - Characteristic impedance (2 marks)
- b) A 15 mH inductor is in series with a parallel combination of an 80 Ω resistor and a 20 μF capacitor. If the angular frequency of the applied voltage is $\omega = 1000 \text{ rad/s}$, calculate the admittance of the network. (3 marks)
- c) For the RC series circuit shown in Figure 3, determine the frequency f of the ideal generator, if the current flowing in the circuit is 1 mA (r.m.s). (3 marks)

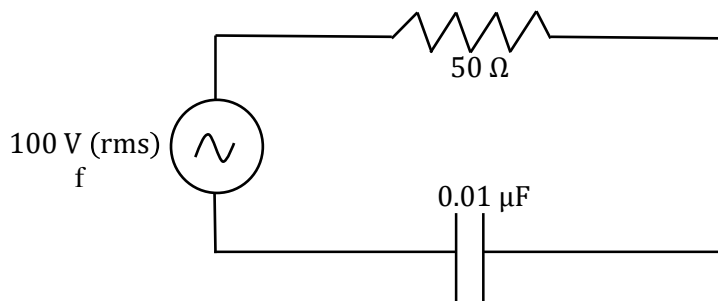


Figure 3

- d) A 32 V, 1000 Hz supply voltage is applied across a 100 ohm resistor, 400 mH inductor, and 20 uF capacitor connected in series. Calculate
- the rms current in the circuit. (3 marks)
 - the phase angle between the voltage E and current I (3 marks)
- e) A generator whose internal resistance is $1\ \Omega$ furnishes an e.m.f of 10 V at a frequency of $\frac{10,000}{\pi}$ Hz. Design a series RLC circuit so that a potential difference of 1000 V may be developed across the capacitor. (4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 marks)

- a) Define the following terms for series AC circuits
- Resonance (2 marks)
 - Q-factor (2 marks)
- b) A transmission line has the propagation constant $\gamma = 0.1 + j10$ /m, and characteristic impedance $Z_0 = 50 + j5\ \Omega$. The line is terminated with impedance $100 - j30\ \Omega$. Determine the impedance at a distance of 1.5 m from the load. (5 marks)
- c) If a variable frequency e.m.f. is applied to a series RLC circuit consisting of $R = 5\ \Omega$, $L = 200$ mH and $C = 0.05\ \mu\text{F}$, determine the values of angular frequency ω for which the current will lead the applied voltage by 30° (3 marks)
- d) A transmission line operating at $f = 500$ MHz has $Z_0 = 80\ \Omega$, $\alpha = 0.04$ Np/m $\beta = 1.5$ rad/m, where symbols have their usual meaning. Calculate the line parameters R, L, G, and C. (8 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Define the following quantities and state their SI units
- Impedance (2 marks)
 - Susceptance (2 marks)
- b) A two-wire air-line has the following line parameters: $R = 0.404$ (m Ω /m), $L = 2.0$ ($\mu\text{H}/\text{m}$), $G = 0$, and $C = 5.56$ (pF/m). For operation at 5 kHz, determine
- the complex propagation constant γ (5 marks)
 - the characteristic impedance Z_0 (5 marks)
- c) If the current in a series RC circuit is given by $i = 2 \cos (1000t + 10^\circ)$ ampere and the applied voltage is given by $e = 100 \cos (1000t + 55^\circ)$ volts, calculate the values of R and C. (6 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) With the aid of diagrams, distinguish between the following types of transmission lines
- i. Co-axial line (2 marks)
 - ii. Open line wire (2 marks)
- b) A high-pass RC filter consists of a $100\text{ k}\Omega$ resistor and a 50 pF capacitor. Calculate
- i. the cut-off frequency f_c of the filter (2 marks)
 - ii. the ratio of the peak output voltage and peak input voltage at frequency of $0.1 f_c$ (2 marks)
- iii. At what frequency is the peak output voltage one half the peak input voltage? (3 marks)
- c) The circuit shown in Figure 4 is made up of two parallel branches (a) and (b). Branch (a) consists of a resistance of $60\text{ }\Omega$, branch (b) consists of a resistance of $20\text{ }\Omega$ in series with a capacitor of capacitance $80\text{ }\mu\text{F}$. An emf of 250 V (r.m.s) at 50 Hz is applied to the circuit. Determine
- i. the scalar admittance of the circuit. (3 marks)
 - ii. the total r.m.s current I_t . (2 marks)
 - iii. the r.m.s current in each branch. (4 marks)

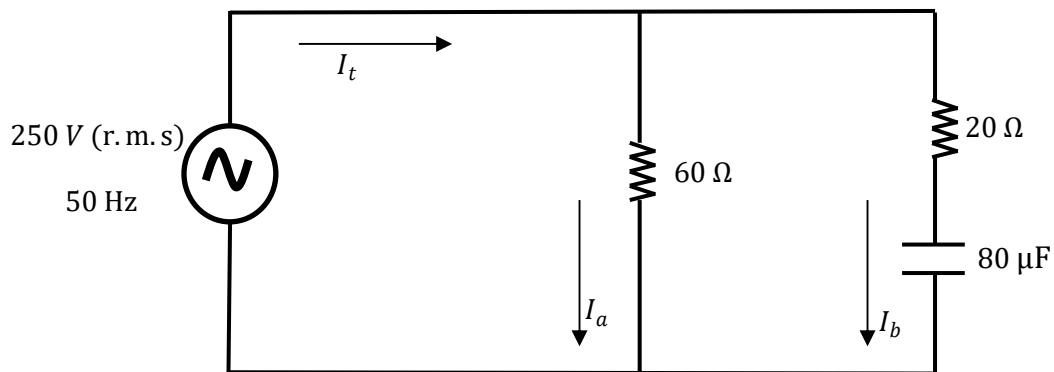


Figure 4