



# MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A Constituent College of Kenyatta University)  
University Examinations for 2015/2016 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN  
MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

SMA 403: GALOIS THEORY

Date: 2/8/2016

Time: 8:30 – 10:30 AM

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## INSTRUCTIONS

Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions

### QUESTION ONE: 30 MARKS (COMPULSORY)

- a) Give the definition of a Galois group (3 marks)
- b) Give the definition of an automorphism of a field  $K$ . (2 marks)
- c) Let  $\{\sigma_i: i \in N\}$  be a collection of automorphism of a field  $F$ , show that  
 $F(\sigma_i) = \{a \in F: \sigma_i(a) = a \text{ for all } \sigma_i\}$  is a subfield of  $F$ . (4 marks)
- d) Let  $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^2 - 3$ . Over the field  $Q$ .
  - i. Find the zeros of the polynomial  $f(x)$ . (4 marks)
  - ii. Find the splitting field  $F$  of the polynomial  $f(x)$ . (3 marks)
  - iii. Find the index of  $F$  in  $Q$ . (3 marks)
  - iv. Construct the Galois group  $G(F/Q)$ . (4 marks)
- e) i) State the fundamental theorem of Galois theory. (3 marks)  
ii) By using (i) above construct lattice diagrams of the subgroups of Galois group and subfields of the splitting field. (5 marks)

## **QUESTION TWO**

a) Give definitions of the following terms:

i. Normal extension of a field  $F$ . (3 marks)

ii. Cyclotomic extension of a field  $F$ . (2 marks)

b) Let  $E$  be a field extension of  $F$  and  $f(x)$  be a polynomial in  $F(x)$ . Show that any automorphism in  $G(E/F)$  defines a permutation of the roots of  $f(x)$  that lie in  $E$ . (6 marks)

c) Consider the polynomial  $f(x) = x^7 - 1$  over  $Q$ . Find the zeros of this polynomial. (4 marks)

d) Identify the splitting field of  $f(x) = x^7 - 1$  over  $Q$ . (3 marks)

e) State the Galois group of over  $f(x) = x^7 - 1$  over  $Q$  and comment on the order and its nature. (2 marks)

## **QUESTION THREE**

a) Consider the Galois group  $G(Q(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})/Q)$

i. Identify the elements of this Galois group. (4 marks)

ii. The field  $Q(\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{3})$  may be considered as a vector space. Identify the basis elements of this vector space and state its dimension. (4 marks)

iii. Use the fundamental theorem of Galois group to show by lattice diagrams that the subgroups are isomorphic to the subfields. (4 marks)

b) Find the minimal polynomial in (a) above. (4 marks)

c) Determine the solvability by radicals and compute the Galois group of the polynomial  $f(x) = x^3 - 5$ . (4 marks)

## **QUESTION FOUR**

a) Show that the polynomial  $x^n - 1$  is solvable by radicals over  $Q$ . (6 marks)

b) Derive the cubic formula for finding the zeros of the polynomial  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$ . (10 marks)

c) Find the discriminant of the cubic equation  $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$ . (4 marks)

### **QUESTION FIVE**

- a) Let  $F$  be a field of characteristic zero and let  $f(x) \in F[x]$  be a separable polynomial of degree  $n$ . If  $E$  is the splitting field of  $f(x)$ , let  $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n$  be the roots of  $f(x)$  in  $E$ .

Let  $\Delta = \prod_{i \neq j} (\alpha_i - \alpha_j)$ . We define the discriminant of  $f(x)$  to be  $\Delta^2$ .

- i. If  $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , show that  $\Delta^2 = b^2 - 4ac$ . (5 marks)
- ii.  $f(x) = x^3 + px + q$ , show that  $\Delta^2 = 4q^3 - 27p^2$ . (5 marks)

- b) We know that the cyclotomic polynomial

$$\Phi_p(x) = \frac{x^p - 1}{x - 1} = x^{p-1} + x^{p-2} + \dots + x + 1$$

is irreducible over  $\mathbb{Q}$  for every prime  $p$ . Let  $w$  be a zero of  $\Phi_p(x)$  and consider the field  $\mathbb{Q}(w)$ .

- i. Show that  $w, w^2, \dots, w^{p-1}$  are distinct zeros of  $\Phi_p(x)$ , and conclude that they are all zeros of  $\Phi_p(x)$ . (5 marks)
- ii. Show that  $G(\mathbb{Q}(w)/\mathbb{Q})$  is abelian of order  $p - 1$ . (5 marks)