



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations 2020/2021 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICAL SCIENCES

THIRD YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (APPLIED PHYSICS AND TECHNOLOGY)

SPH 322: SIGNAL PROCESSING

DATE: 18/8/2021

TIME: 2.00-4.00 PM

INSTRUCTIONS:

- The paper consists of **two** sections
- Section **A** is **compulsory** (30 marks)
- Answer any **two** questions from section **B** (each 20 marks)

SECTION A (COMPULSORY)

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) i Define a signal (1 mark)
- ii Draw a typical communication system citing the main elements of the system (2 marks)
- b) The one sided exponential function $f(t) = e^{-\alpha t} u(t)$ has Fourier transform $F(\omega) = \frac{1}{\alpha + i\omega}$. Find the real and imaginary parts of $F(\omega)$ (2 marks)
- c) i Write the Fourier and Laplace transform equations (2 marks)
- ii Show that the bilateral Laplace transform of signal $f(t)$ is the Fourier transform of the product of the signal and exponential function $e^{-\sigma t}$ (2 marks)
- iii Define the linearity property hence find the Laplace transform of the function $5 - 3t + 8\cos(2t)$ (3 marks)
- d) State the difference between auto and cross correlation in signal processing (1 mark)
- e) A ramp signal has neither power nor energy whereas a unit step signal which is not periodic has finite power. Explain this fact. (2 marks)
- f) Distinguish between recursive and non-recursive discrete time processors (1 mark)

- g) i Explain the following operation in signal processing (2 marks)
- Time shifting
 - Time scaling
- ii For the signal $x(-t)$ in Figure 1 sketch and describe mathematically signal $x(t)$ which is time reversed $x(-t)$.

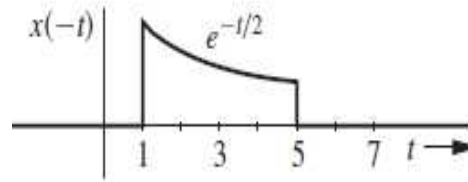


Figure 1

- h) Define convolution in signal processing (1 mark)
- State the relationship between the following functions (2 marks)
 - Impulse and unit functions
 - Unit and ramp functions
- i) State the Parseval's theorem in signal processing (1 mark)
- j) Test and classify the following systems as time varying or time invariant (2 marks)
- $y(t) = sx(t)$
 - $y(t) = 2e^{at}x(t)$
- k) State why a system specified by equation $y(t) = x(t-2) + x(t+2)$ is non-causal and show how its output can be realized in real time (2 marks)
- l) Test the invertibility property of the systems describe the equations below (2 marks)
- $y[n] = 3cx[n]$
 - $y[n] = (x[n])^4$
- m) Derive an expression to show the zero input response and zero state response in a RC circuit (2 marks)

SECTION B (ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Figure 2 (a) and (b) show two types of signals. Classify them as power or energy signal then calculate the measures in each of them (6 marks)

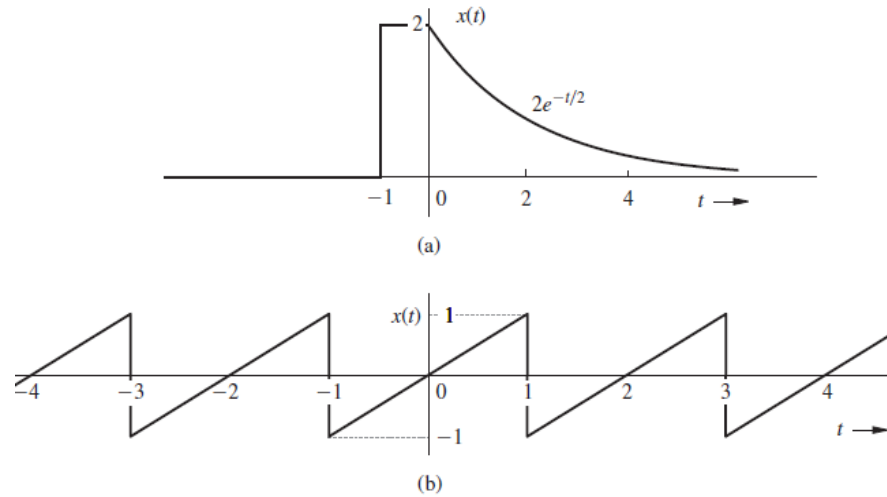


Figure 2

- b) Deduce $\text{Re}(F(\omega))$ and $\text{Im}(F(\omega))$ if
- $f(t)$ is real and even (3 marks)
 - $f(t)$ is Real and odd (3 marks)
- c) Determine the linearity of the systems given in the equations below (6 marks)
- $\frac{dy}{dt} + 5y(t) = x(t)$
 - $y(t)\frac{dy}{dt} + 8y(t) = x(t)$

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) Discuss the following classes of signals (8 marks)
- Periodic and aperiodic
 - Deterministic and probabilistic
 - Casual and non-casual
 - Analog and digital
- b) Convolute two sequences $x[n] = \{2, 3, 4, 6\}$ and $h[n] = \{-1, 1, 2, 3\}$ using circular convolution (6 marks)

- c) Figure 3 shows a sketch of exponential function $x(t) = e^{-2t}$. Sketch and mathematically describe the output signals when the signal is:
- Delayed by 1 second (3 marks)
 - Advanced by 2 seconds (3 marks)

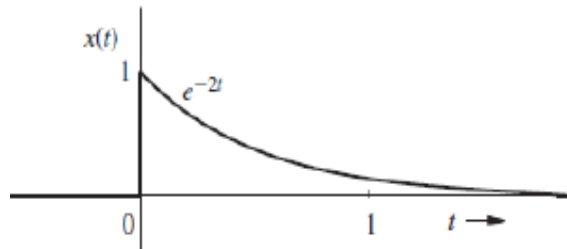


Figure 3

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Calculate the energies of signals (a), (b), (c) and (d) in Figure 4 (8 marks)

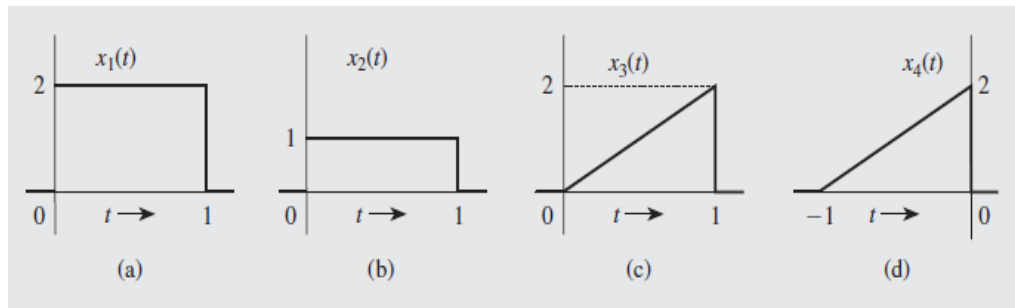


Figure 4

- By use of block diagrams describe serial and parallel system interconnection and show the relationship between inputs and outputs in the two system interconnections. (6 marks)
- Find the Laplace transform of the following functions $f(t) = e^{\alpha t} \sin(\omega t)$ hence demonstrate the shifting property using $f(t) = e^{3t} \sin(5t)$ (6 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) Briefly describe the following function in both continuous and discrete signal spectrum
- Sampling function
 - Impulse function
 - Signum function
 - Exponential function (8 marks)
- b) Figure 5 shows a function $x(t)$ sketch and mathematically describe the function when:
- Compressed by a factor of 3 (3 marks)
 - Expanded by a factor of 2 (3marks)

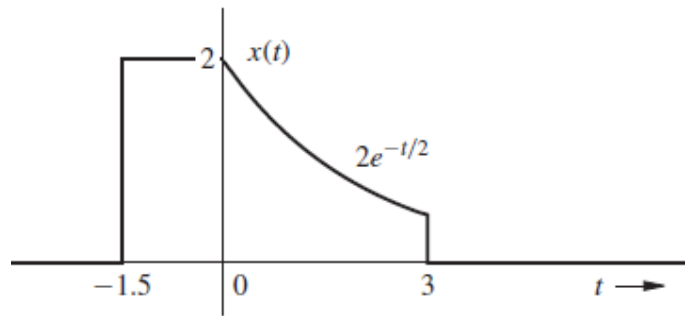


Figure 5

- c) By use of block diagrams show how the processors described by the following equations can be implemented hence classify them as recursive or non-recursive systems. (6 marks)
- $y[n] = x[n] + x[n-1] + x[n-2]$
 - $y[n] = y[n-1] + x[n]$
 - $y[n] = 1.8y[n-1] - 0.9y[n-2] + x[n] - 1.9x[n-1] + x[n-2]$