



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A Constituent College of Kenyatta University)
University Examinations for 2015/2016 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF BUSINESS AND ECONOMICS

**DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND MANAGEMENT
SCIENCES**

**SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DIPLOMA IN CO-OPERATIVE
MANAGEMENT**

2807/301 CO-OPERATIVE ACCOUNTING

Date: 5/8/2016

Time: 8:30 – 10:30 AM

INSTRUCTIONS

Answer any five questions

1.
 - a) Explain four reasons for maintaining a fixed asset register in a co-operative society. (8 marks)
 - b) Co-operative societies are required to prepare annual budgets by the Co-operative societies Act. Explain the benefits of preparing such budgets. (12 marks)
2.
 - a) Explain five powers that may be exercised by the commissioner for co-operative Development during liquidation of a co-operative society. (10marks)
 - b) The following information relates to product XX 88 used by Taibu Co-operative society.

Expected annual demand	50,000kg
Unit purchase price	Ksh 200
Ordering cost per order	Ksh 250
Carrying cost per unit per annum	Ksh 25
Lead time	6 days
Take one year to have 360 days	

Calculate:

- i) The EOQ (Economic Order Quantity)
- ii) Number of orders per year
- iii) The re-order point (10 marks)

3. a) Explain four reasons for maintaining a work ticket for motor vehicles in a co-operative society. (8 marks)
- b) Mjengo Co-operative society Ltd has one lorry for its transport activity. It serves members and non-members. The charges for members and non-members are sh.180 and sh.210 per kilometer respectively. The following are the estimated costs of the activity.

Shs.

Depreciation	380,000
Licenses	65,000
Insurance	120,000
Repair and maintenances	shs. 36 per kilometer
Fuel and oil	shs. 70 per kilometer
Tyres	shs. 44 per kilometer

The driver and turn boy are paid a salary of shs. 3000 and shs. 2000 per month respectively. The lorry can operate to a maximum of 13500 kms.

- i) Determine the break-even point for serving members and non-members
- ii) Advise the management on whether to serve members or non members.

(12marks)

4. a) Sherehe co-operating society undertakes Dairy and maize activities. The following are the society's ledger accounts balances at 30th June 2016.

	Ksh
<u>Dairy Activities</u>	500,000
Animal feeds	30,000
Salary to herdsman	12,000
Veterinary services	8,000
Sale of skins	19,000
Insurance of animals	5,000
Payment of products	150,000

Maize Activities

Sale of maize products	600,000
Payment for fertilizer and manure	70,000
Payment for pesticides	15,000
Payment for pesticides	7,000
Farm equipment depreciation	8,000
Maintenance of farm equipment	17,000
Farm salaries	280,000
Payment to producers	

Other Activities

Rates	7,000
Insurance of society	18,000
Auditors fees	25,000
Committee allowances	13,000
Bank charges	8,000
Stationery	6,000
Telephone expenses	7,000
Transport charges	70,000

Other balances

Share capital	1,010,000
Statutory reserve	25,000
Members bonus due	220,000
Loans due from members	15,000
Closing stock (maize)	400,000
Creditors	7,000
Closing stock (dairy)	352,000
Appropriation account	9,000
Cash at hand and bank	20,000
Members contribution due	17,000

Bank loan	13,000
Farm equipment	50,000

Prepare;

- i) Activities statements for:
 - Maize
 - Dairy
 - ii) Surplus and loss and appropriation account
 - iii) Balance sheet as at 30th June 2016 (vertical format) (20 marks)
5. a) Unga co-operative society went into voluntary liquidation on 30 September 2010. The assets realized Ksh 50,000 and there was a cash balance of Ksh 5,500. The unsecured creditors were Ksh 15,000, while preferential creditors were Ksh 13,000. The 5% secured debentures and a floating charge amounting to ksh 10,000. The debentures and the accrued debentures interest was paid on 30 September 2010. The liquidation expenses were ksh 12,000. the liquidators remuneration comprise of 15% of amount realized and one percent commission after charging unsecured creditor's dividends.
- Prepare liquidators final statement of accounts (10 marks)
- b) Explain five reasons that would lead to the amalgamation of co-operative societies (10 marks)
6. a) The following is the balance sheet of SananaFarmers Co-operative society as at 31 December 2010.

Ksh'000'	
Non-current Assets:	
Freehold land and building	400,000
Motor vehicles	300,000
Furniture	<u>180,000</u>
	880,000
Current Assets:	
Debtors	80,000
Stock	240,000
Members contribution due	200,000
Bank	<u>50,000</u>
<u>1,450,000</u>	
Capital and liabilities	
Share capital	640,000

Long term liabilities	
10% Debentures	400,000
Current liabilities	
Creditors	120,000
Payment due to members	240,000
Debentures interest due	<u>50,000</u>
	<u>1,450,000</u>

Additional information:

- The members of the society decided to slit the co-operative into two, Sasa co-operative society, and Nana co-operative society, on the following terms:
- The assets and liabilities were shared in the ratio 3:2 respectively.
- Assets were revalued as follows:

	Ksh
- Freehold land and building	450,000
- Furniture	130,000
- Motor vehicles	200,000
- Stock	200,000

- Debtors paid Ksh 640,000
- Creditors were paid Ksh 100,000
- The division expenses amounted to Ksh 20,000. These expenses were paid by Nana co-operative society.

Prepare the balance sheets of Sasa Co-operatives Society and Nana Co-operative Society after division. (12 marks)

- b) Vundanyi Co-operative Society deals in gunny bags.the following transactions took place during the month of December 2010.

December 1	500 bags were in stock valued at Ksh 12 each
3	Issued 400 bags
4	Purchased 300 bags at Ksh 15 each
9	Purchased 600 bags at Ksh 20 each
12	Issued 500 bags
17	Issued 200 bags
22	Purchased 700 bags at Ksh 22 each
25	Issued 400 bags

The market price of a bag on 25 December was Ksh 30. The standard price was Ksh 22 per bag. Prepare a stores ledger account using the LIFO methods of stores valuation. (8 marks)