



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations for 2022/2023 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (STATISTICS AND PROGRAMMING)
SMA 465: INTRODUCTION TO MEASURE AND PROBABILITY

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

Answer Question One and Any Other Two Questions

QUESTION ONE (compulsory) (30 Marks)

- a) Define the following terms as used in measure theory and probability
- i) Interval (1 mark)
 - ii) Length of an integer (1 mark)
 - iii) Area (1 mark)
 - iv) Volume (1 mark)
 - v) Algebra (1 mark)
 - vi) Sigma algebra (1 mark)
- b) State the fundamental theorem of Lebesgue measure on $\mathbb{R}^n$ (3 marks)
- c) Give the two axioms of measure space (2 marks)
- d) Show that if $\alpha, \beta \in \mathcal{P}$ then $\mu(\beta) = \mu(\alpha \cap \beta) + \mu(\beta \setminus \alpha)$ (2 marks)
- e) Describe briefly the fundamental theorems of integral functions in measure theory. (2 marks)
- f) Give any two application of measure (2 marks)
- g) How is an algebra distinct from a σ algebra (4 marks)
- h) Differentiate between the following:
- i) measurable sets and measurable functions (2 marks)
 - ii) measurable space and measure space (2 marks)
 - iii) probability space and probability measure (2 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) State and prove the law of large numbers (3 marks)
- b) Define the conditional expectation of random variables (3 marks)
- c) State the properties of conditional expectation (2 marks)
- d) Let A and B be two independent random variables, show that $E(A/B) = E(B)$ (3 marks)
- e) Let a, b and c be jointly distributed with pdf,

$$f(a, b, c) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{3/2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)} & -\infty < a, b, c < \infty \\ 0 & \text{else where} \end{cases}$$

Find;

- i) $f(a/bc)$, (3 marks)
- ii) $f(b/ac)$, (3 marks)
- iii) $f(c/ab)$ (3 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) State and explain the two theorems of integration (4 marks)
- b) Define a Lebesgue integral (2 marks)
- c) Explain the meaning of a Diral measure giving an example (2 marks)
- d) State the central limit theorem and its importance in sampling distributions (2 marks)
- e) Prove the Fatou's Lemma (5 marks)
- f) Enumerate the properties of integrable functions (5 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)

- a) Define the characteristic function of a random variable (1 marks)
- b) Let $\varphi(t) = E[e^{itx}]$, show that;
 - i. $E(x) = \varphi'_x(0)$ (2 marks)
 - ii. $\text{Var}(x) = \frac{\varphi''_x(0) - (\varphi'_x(0))^2}{i^2}$ (4 marks)
- c) Given that $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!} & x = 0, 1, \dots \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$
 - i) obtain the characteristic function of x ; (8 marks)
 - ii) Using the characteristic function, find the mean of x (2 marks)
 - iii) Hence find the variance of x (3 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)

- a) Define μ – finite measure (3 marks)
- b) Describe Lebesgue measure (3 marks)
- c) What is an integral function (2 marks)
- d) Explain three examples of measure (6 marks)
- e) Describe the two modes of convergence theorems (6 marks)