



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations for 2023/2024 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

FIFTH YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (MECHANICAL ENGINEERING)

EMM 514: CONTROL ENGINEERING II

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS

- This paper consists of Five Questions.
- **Question 1 is Compulsory.** Attempt **Any Other Two** Questions.
- Answers to any particular question must be together.

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30MARKS)

Figure Q 1 shows mass-spring-damper system. The states can be defined as

$$x_1 = y$$

$$x_2 = \frac{dy}{dt} = \dot{x}_1$$

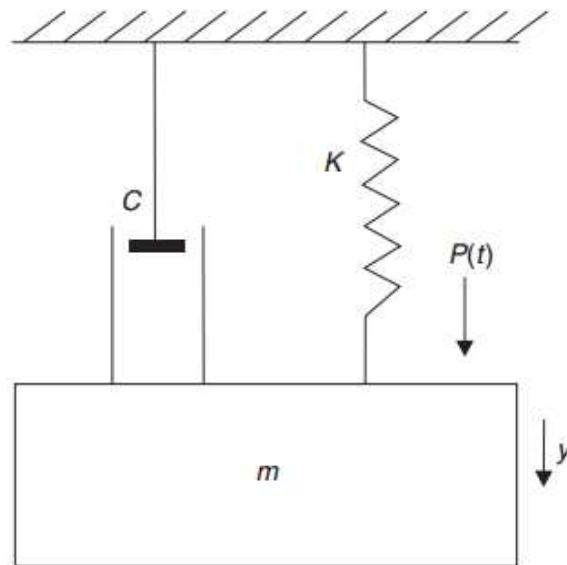


Figure Q 1

a) Show that (5marks)

$$\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t)$$

$$y(t) = Cx(t) + Du(t)$$

Where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -k/m & -c/m \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1/m \end{bmatrix}, C = [1 \quad 0] \text{ and } D = 0$$

- b) Given that $m = 1kg$, $C = 3Ns/m$, $K = 2N/m$ and $u(t) = 0$. Determine the following
- Characteristic Equation, Un-damped natural frequency and damping ratio (2 marks)
 - Transition matrixes, $\phi(s)$ and $\phi(t)$ (4 marks)
 - Transient response of the state variables to a unit step input (3 marks)
- c) Assuming zero initial conditions that is, $\dot{y}(0) = 1.0$ and $y(0) = 0$; evaluate the transient response for the system in b) above due to a unit step input using
- Convolution Integral (4 marks)
 - Inverse Laplace Transform (4 marks)
- d) For the system in b) above, determine the *discrete-time transition and control matrices* using a sampling time $T = 0.1s$ (4 marks)
- e) Using *Matrix Vector Difference Equation Method (MVDEM)*, determine the transient response of the state variables in b) above due to a unit step input (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20MARKS)

- a) The state representation for a control system is defined by the relation

$$\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t)$$

$$y(t) = Cx(t) + Du(t)$$

State the condition for complete observability

(2 marks)

A control system is defined by the equation

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$y = [1 \quad 0] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}; \gamma = 0.5, \omega_n = 10 \text{ rad/s}$$

- b) Find the eigen values for the following cases

i) Open Loop

(2 marks)

ii) Closed Loop

(3 marks)

- c) Design a Full Order Observer using the following approaches

i) Direct Comparison Method (DCM)

(5 marks)

ii) Observer Canonical Form (OCF)

(4 marks)

iii) Ackermann's Formula (AF)

(4 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20MARKS)

- a) Beginning from a well labelled Circuit Diagram, derive the closed loop gain of a PI Controller (3 marks)

- b) A liquid level process control system is as shown in Figure Q 3a) while the Block Diagram for the same is as shown in Figure Q 3b)

i) Compute the closed loop transfer function for the system

(4 marks)

ii) Derive the expressions of the natural frequency and damping ratio of the system

(3 marks)

- c) The system parameters are for the system described in 3b) above are $A = 2 \text{ m}^2$, $R_f = 15 \text{ s/m}^2$, $H_1 = 1 \text{ V/m}$, $K_v = 0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{sV}$, $K_1 = 1$ (controller gain) and the undamped natural frequency is 0.1 rad/s .

- i) Determine the Integral Action Time and Damping Ratio of the System (3 marks)
- ii) Assuming zero initial conditions, find an expression for the time response of the system when there is a step change of $h_d(t)$ from 0 to 4m. Sketch such a response (7 marks)

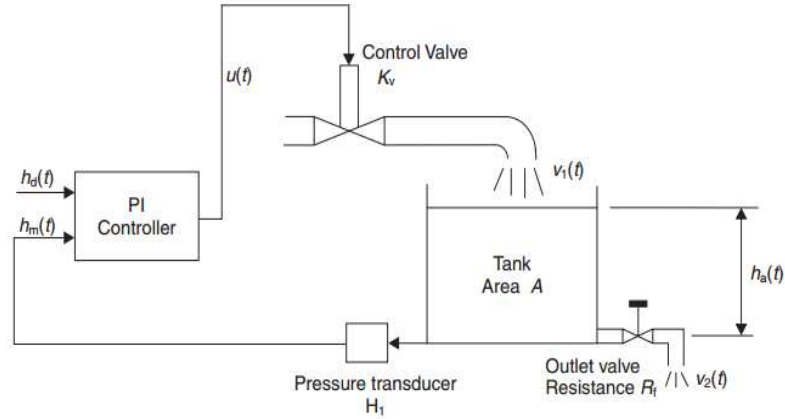


Figure Q 3a)

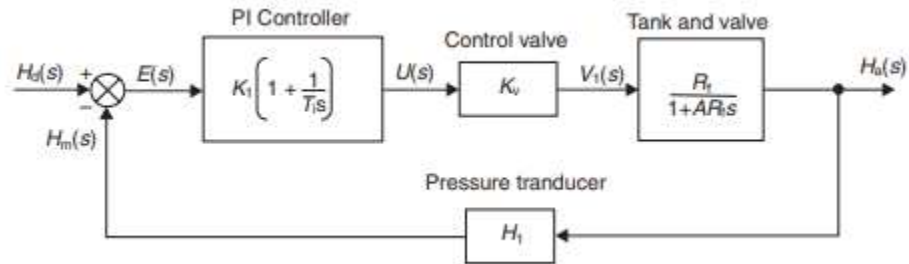


Figure Q 3b)

QUESTION FOUR (20MARKS)

- a) The state representation is defined by the relation

$$\dot{x}(t) = Ax(t) + Bu(t)$$

$$y(t) = Cx(t) + Du(t)$$

Show that

$$x(t) = \phi(t)X(o) + \int_0^t \phi(t - \tau) Bu(\tau) d\tau$$

$$y(t) = C\phi(t)X(o) + \int_0^t C\phi(t - \tau) Bu(\tau) d\tau + Du(t)$$

All the symbols carry their usual meaning

(6 marks)

b) For a Control Systems defined by the transfer functions, determine the following

$$G(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$$

i) Matrix differential equations for the system in OCF (2marks)

ii) State transition matrix $\phi(t)$

(5 marks)

iii) Zero-state response if a unit step is applied. Use the Convolution Integral for the initial condition,

$$X(o) = [1,0]$$

(7 marks)

Question 5 (20marks)

- a) Define Proportional (P) Controller (2marks)
- b) A cruise controller for a car that uses a simple Proportional (P) controller is to be designed. The controller is no more than a simple amplifier ($C(s) = K_p$). Consider a car of mass 1,000kg, a friction constant of 50Ns/m and an output force of the engine being 500N. Assume zero initial conditions for the output. Design the Control System by:
 - i) Modelling the car dynamics (3marks)
 - ii) Obtaining the *Open Loop* response (3marks)
 - iii) Obtain the *Closed Loop* response (7marks)
 - iv) Determine the closed loop response with *disturbance* (for example wind) (5marks)

