



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations 2019/2020 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

SECOND YEAR SPECIAL /SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (MATHEMATICS)

SMA 230: VECTOR ANALYSIS

DATE: 22/1/2021

TIME: 8.30-10.30 AM

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer question 1 and any other two questions

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- Define a vector quantity and give four examples (2 marks)
- Given $V = (x + 2y + az)i + (bx - 3y - z)j + (4x + cy + 2z)k$ is an irrotational vector field, find a , b , and c (4 marks)
- If two vectors $\vec{A} = 2i + \sqrt{3}j - 3k$, $B = 6i - 3j + 2k$ are inclined to each other at angle θ . Find the value of θ (4 marks)
- Find the area of the triangle with vertices $A(1,3,2)$, $B(2,-1,1)$, $C(-1,2,3)$ (4 marks)
- Find the projection of the vector $7i + 5j + 2k$ on the line passing through the points $A(2,3,-1)$, $B(-3,-5,4)$ (4 marks)
- Find the directional derivative of $\phi(x, y, z) = 4xz^3 - 3x^2y^2z$ at $(1,1,1)$ in the direction $3i - 2j + 5k$ (4 marks)
- Given the scalar function $\phi(x, y, z) = xy + y^2z$ and the curve C defined by $x = t^2$, $y = 2t$, $z = t + 5$ between points $A(0,0,5)$, $B(1,2,6)$
 - Transform the integral $\oint_C \phi d\vec{r}$ into an integral involving t only (3 marks)

- ii. Determine the interval of parameter t from the given parametric equations (2 marks)
- iii. Lastly, evaluate $\oint_C \phi d\vec{r}$ along the given curve (3 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

- a) Find the unit vector perpendicular to both $a+b$ and $b+c$ where $a=i+j-k$;
 $b=-i+2j+k$; $c=i-2j+k$ (4 marks)
- b) At any point of the curve $x=3\cos t$, $y=3\sin t$, $z=4t$, find:
- Tangent Vector (1 mark)
 - Unit Tangent vector (2 marks)
 - Normal Vector (2 marks)
 - Unit Normal vector (2 marks)
- c) Show that $\vec{F} = (y^2 + 2xz^2)i + (2xy - z)j + (2x^2z - y + 2z)k$ is irrotational and hence find its scalar potential (9 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

- a) The position vectors of the points A , B , C , D are $3i-2j-k$, $2i+3j-4k$, $-i+j+2k$, $4i+5j+\lambda k$ respectively. If the four points lie in a plane find the value of λ (5 marks)
- b) Use Green's theorem to evaluate

$$\int_C (x^2 + xy)dx + (x^2 + y^2)dy$$
Where c is a square formed by the lines $y = \pm 1$, $x = \pm 1$ (7 marks)
- c) If $F = i \sin 2t + j e^{3t} + k(t^3 - 4t)$, then when $t = 1$, find
- $\frac{dF}{dt}$ (2 marks)
 - $\frac{d^2 F}{dt^2}$ (2 marks)
 - $\left| \frac{dF}{dt} \right|$ (2 marks)
 - $\left| \frac{d^2 F}{dt^2} \right|$ (2 marks)

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) A particle is acted upon by a constant forces $4i + j - 3k$ and $3i + j - k$ is displaced from the point $A \equiv i + 2j + 3k$ to the point $B \equiv 5i + 4j + k$. Find the work done (4 marks)
- b) A particle moves in a space curve $x = 2t^2$, $y = t^2 - 4t$, $z = 3t - 5$. Determine its velocity and acceleration at time $t = 1$ in the direction $i - j + 2k$ (4 marks)
- c) If $F = x^2yi + xzj - 2yzk$, evaluate $\int_C F \cdot dr$ between $A(0,0,0)$ and $B(4,2,1)$ along the curve C having parametric equations $x = 4t$, $y = 2t$, $z = t^3$ (6 marks)
- d) Apply Stoke's theorem to calculate

$$\int_C 4ydy + 2zdy + 6ydz$$

 Where c is the curve of the intersection of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 6z$ and $z = x + 3$ (6 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) If $\vec{a} = 2i - j + k$; $\vec{b} = 3i + j - k$; $\vec{c} = i + \lambda j$, find the value of λ for which $\vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = -25$ (2 marks)
- b) A particle is displaced from the point whose position is $5i - 5j - 7k$ to the point whose position vector is $6i + 2j - 2k$ under the action of a number constant forces defined by $10i - j + 11k$, $4i + 5j + 6k$, and $-2i + j - 9k$. Show that the total work done by force is 87units (4 marks)
- c) If $\phi(x, y, z) = xyz$ and $A(x, y, z) = xzi - xy^2j + yz^2k$, find $\frac{\partial^3(\phi A)}{\partial x^2 \partial z}$ at $(2, -1, 1)$ (4 marks)
- d) Use divergence theorem to evaluate

$$\int \vec{A} \cdot d\vec{S},$$

 Where $A = x^3i + y^3j + z^3k$ and S is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ (10 marks)