



# MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations 2019/2020 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

FOURTH YEAR SPECIAL /SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION FOR

DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

DIPLOMA IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

ECU 0202 ENGINEERING MATHS VI

DATE: 20/01/2021

TIME: 2.00-4.00 PM

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## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer question one and any other two

### QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

- a) Define the following terms in numerical methods
- i. Extrapolation (2 marks)
  - ii. iteration (2 marks)
- b) Derive the Newton -Raphsons interpolation formula (5 marks)
- c) Use the Newton Raphsons method to show that if  $x_0$  is an approximation to the root of the equation  $x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x = 1$  then the better approximation is given by
- $$x_{n+1} = \frac{2x^3 + 2x^2 + 1}{3x^2 + 4x - 5} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$
- d) Given  $x_n = 1.2345$        $x_{n+1} = 1.2447$        $x_{n+2} = 1.3124$   
 $x_{n+3} = 1.3233$        $f(x_n) = 12.5674$       and  $f(x_{n+2}) = 13.9831$   
Use linear interpolation and extrapolation to calculate  
 $f(x_{n+1})$  and  $f(x_{n+2})$  to 5 decimal places (5 marks)
- e) i Obtain the cubic polynomial in  $x$  which takes on the values  $-3, 3, 11, 27, 57$  and  $107$

when the values of  $x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4$  and  $5$

(6 marks)

ii Hence take  $x_0 = 7$  to find the root of the equation correct to four decimal places.

(5 marks)

### QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

a) A function  $f(x)$  is defined by the data in the table below

|      |    |   |    |    |    |     |     |
|------|----|---|----|----|----|-----|-----|
| X    | 0  | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5   | 6   |
| F(x) | -1 | 2 | 11 | 38 | 95 | 194 | 347 |

Use the Newton Gregory forward difference interpolation formulae to estimate

i.  $f(4.8)$  (5 marks)

ii.  $f(6.4)$  (5 marks)

b) Given that  $x_n$  is an approximation to the root of the equation

$$x^3 - 6x^2 - 6x - 8 = 0$$

i) show using the Newton-Raphson method that a better approximation to the root is given by

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{2x^3 - 6x^2 + 8}{3x^2 - 12x + 6}$$

ii) Hence by taking  $x_1 = 5$  find the root of the equation correct to five decimal places. (10 marks)

### QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) The values in the table below were obtained from an experiment

|      |       |       |       |       |       |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| X    | -0,5  | 0.0   | 0.5   | 1.0   | 1.5   |
| F(x) | 1.327 | 1.382 | 1.416 | 1.452 | 1.513 |

Use the newton Gregory forward difference interpolation formula to find the polynomial  $f(X)$  which corresponds to the values given above.

Hence evaluate

i)  $f(-0.52)$

ii)  $f(1.2)$  (10 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- a) Given that  $x_1 = 4$  as an approximation to  $\sqrt{17}$  use the iteration method to find a better approximation to the root. (5 marks)
- b) The table below satisfies a function  $f(x)$

|      |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| X    | 0.1   | 0.3   | 0.5   | 0.7   | 0.9   | 1.1   | 1.3   |
| F(x) | 0.003 | 0.067 | 0.148 | 0.248 | 0.379 | 0.518 | 0.697 |

Use the Newton-Gregory finite difference interpolation formulae to determine the value of  $f(-0.5)$  (10 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)**

- a) The table below satisfies a function  $f(x)$

|      |    |   |   |    |     |     |     |
|------|----|---|---|----|-----|-----|-----|
| X    | -1 | 0 | 1 | 2  | 3   | 4   | 5   |
| F(x) | 1  | 1 | 9 | 43 | 121 | 261 | 481 |

Evaluate

- i.  $f(2.5)$  (5 marks)
- ii.  $f(4.8)$  (5 marks)
- b) i Given the function  $x^4 + 5x - 20 = 0$  show that a better approximation to the root is given by

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{3x_n^4 + 20}{4x_n^3 + 5} \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- ii Taking  $x_0 = 1.9$  calculate the root of the equation correct to five decimal places. (5 marks)