



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations for 2022/2023 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

THIRD/fourth YEAR SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING)

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (TELECOMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION
TECHNOLOGY)

EEE 415/ SPH 315: ELECTRODYNAMICS AND INSULATING MATERIALS

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS

- This paper consists of **Five Questions**
- **Question 1 is Compulsory.**
- Attempt **Any Other Two Questions**

Important Physical Constants

Conductivity of copper $\sigma = 5.8 \times 10^7 S/m$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} H/m$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} F/m$$

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 MARKS)

a) Beginning from Ampere's Law, show that

(2 marks)

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = \frac{d\vec{D}}{dt} + \vec{J}$$

b) Beginning from Faraday's Law, show that

(2marks)

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = -\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}$$

- c) Applying a) and b), show that (5 marks)

$$\gamma = [j\omega\mu(\sigma + j\omega\epsilon)]^{1/2}$$

All the symbols carry their usual meaning

- d) For complex μ and ϵ in c) above, show that for most materials (12 marks)

$$\alpha = \omega \sqrt{\frac{\mu\epsilon'}{2}} \left[\sqrt{1 + (\tan \delta)^2} - 1 \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\beta = \omega \sqrt{\frac{\mu\epsilon'}{2}} \left[\sqrt{1 + (\tan \delta)^2} + 1 \right]^{1/2}$$

All symbols carry their usual meaning

- e) Using c) above, obtain the expression of the phase velocity for a low loss dielectric (5 marks)

- f) Using c) above, derive the expression of the *skin depth* for a good conductor (4 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

Given that an electromagnetic system is defined by the relation

$$\nabla \cdot (\vec{E} \times \vec{H}) = \vec{H}^* (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E}) - \vec{E}^* (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H})$$

All the symbols carry their usual meaning.

- a) Define $\vec{S}_p$ and η in terms of $\vec{E}$ and $\vec{H}$ (4 marks)
- b) Analyze how the power delivered by a source J_s to the system is utilized (7 marks)
- c) Derive the $\vec{S}_{av}$ for elliptical polarization in terms of $\vec{E}$ and $\vec{H}$ (6 marks)
- d) Given that

$$\vec{E} = 10 \cos \left(\omega t + \frac{4\pi}{3} z \right) U_x V/m$$

And that

$$\vec{H} = \frac{U_z x \vec{E}}{\mu_0} \text{ A/m}$$

Determine the *average power per unit area* transported by the wave at a frequency of 500MHz from *First Principles* (3 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

a) State *Helmholtz Theorem* (2 marks)

b) The Magnetic and Electric Fields in a medium can be defined by

$$\vec{B} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A} + \nabla \phi$$

$$\vec{E} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{F} + \nabla \phi$$

where $\vec{A}$ and $\vec{F}$ are vector potential functions and ϕ is a scalar potential function ϕ . Show that (6 marks)

$$\nabla^2 \phi = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon}$$

$$\nabla^2 \vec{A} = -\mu \vec{J}$$

c) Given that

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{H} = \frac{d\vec{D}}{dt} + \vec{J}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = -\frac{d\vec{B}}{dt}$$

Show that the *Homogeneous Helmholtz Equation (HHE)* is given by

$$\nabla^2 \vec{E} + K^2 \vec{E} = 0$$

d) Show that the *Inhomogeneous Helmholtz Equation (IHE)* is given by

$$\nabla^2 \phi + K^2 \phi = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon}$$

$$\nabla^2 \vec{A} + K^2 \vec{A} = -\mu \vec{J}$$

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

- a) Derive the *Reduced Maxwell's Equations* (RMEs) for a guided wave (6 marks)
- b) Write the expressions in a) above for a TEM waves (2 marks)
- c) For the TEM waves propagating in a Lossless Medium in +Z direction, derive the following
- i) K_0 (2 marks)
 - ii) η_0 (2 marks)
 - iii) Expressions of $\vec{E}(z, t)$ and $\vec{H}(z, t)$ (4 marks)

Explain all the symbols used

- d) The Electric Field intensity of a linearly polarized uniform wave propagating in the +z direction in sea water at the surface $z = 0$ is

$$\vec{E} = \hat{x}100 \cos(\pi x 10^7) V/m$$

Sea water has $\epsilon_r = 72$, $\mu_r = 1$ and $\sigma = 4 S/m$.

Determine the expression for $\vec{E}(z, t)$ and $\vec{H}(z, t)$ at $z = 0.8m$ as a function of time (4 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a) A parallel polarized wave at an oblique incidence on a dielectric interface is as shown in Figure Q 5a). Derive the expressions for the *Brewster and Transmission Angles*. All symbols carry their usual meaning (7marks)

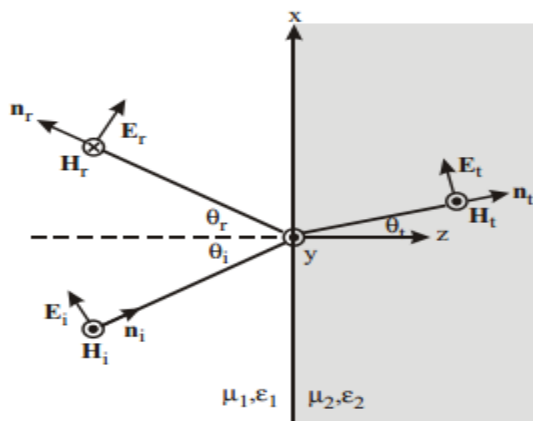


Figure Q 5a)

- b) The same wave in Question 5a) is perpendicularly polarized. Derive the expressions for the Fresnel's Coefficients of Reflection and Transmission. All symbols carry their usual meaning (7 marks)
- c) The dielectric constant of pure water is 80. Determine the following
- (i) Brewster Angle and Angle of Transmission for Question 5a) above (3 marks)
 - (ii) Reflection and Transmission coefficients at $\theta_i = \theta_{Bp}$ (3 marks)