



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY COLLEGE

(A Constituent College of Kenyatta University)
University Examinations for 2015/2016 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF PURE AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

..... SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR DEGREE IN BACHELOR OF

SMA 0201: VECTOR ANALYSIS

DATE:

TIME:

INSTRUCTIONS:

Answer QUESTION ONE and Any other TWO Questions

QUESTION ONE

- a) (i) Define a vector (1 mark)
(ii) Define a scalar (1 mark)
(iii) List three laws of algebra (3 marks)
(iv) Define a unit vector (1 mark)
(v) Define a vector field (1 mark)
- b) If $\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = 4\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$. Find;
- (i) $\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}$ (2 marks)
(ii) $\mathbf{B} \cdot \mathbf{A} + 2\mathbf{B}$ (3 marks)
(iii) The angle between the vectors $\mathbf{A} = 3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 6\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = 4\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ (3 marks)
- (c) If $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B} = 3\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}$, $\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} = \mathbf{i} - 7\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$, then find the value of $(\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}) \times (\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})$ (3 marks)
- d) Find the projection of a vector $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ on vector $\mathbf{B} = 4\mathbf{i} - 4\mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k}$ (3 marks)

- f) If the vector $\mathbf{A} = 5t^2\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j} - t^3\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = \sin t\mathbf{i} - \cos t\mathbf{j}$, find:
- (i) $\frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}$ (2 marks)
 - (ii) $\frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}$ (2 marks)
 - (iii) $\frac{d}{dt} \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{A}$ (2 marks)

QUESTION TWO

- a) If $\mathbf{A} = (2x^2y - x^4)\mathbf{i} + (e^{xy} - y \sin X)\mathbf{j} + (x^2 \cos y)\mathbf{k}$. Find
- (i) $\frac{\partial \mathbf{A}}{\partial x}$ (1 mark)
 - (ii) $\frac{\partial \mathbf{A}}{\partial y}$ (1 mark)
- b) If $\mathbf{A} = \cos xy\mathbf{i} + (3xy - 2x^2)\mathbf{j} - (3x + 2y)\mathbf{k}$ find
- (i) $d\mathbf{A}/dx$ (1 mark)
 - (ii) $d\mathbf{A}/dy$ (1 mark)
 - (iii) $d^2\mathbf{A}/dx^2$ (1 mark)
 - (iv) $d^2\mathbf{A}/dy^2$ (1 mark)
 - (v) $d^2\mathbf{A}/dydx$ (2 marks)
 - (vi) $d^2\mathbf{A}/dxdy$ (2 marks)

QUESTION THREE

- a) if a particle moves along a curve whose parametric equations are $x = e^{-t}$, $y = 2\cos t$, $z = 2 \sin 3t$
- (i) Determine the velocity and acceleration at any time (2 marks)
 - (ii) Find the magnitude of the vector and acceleration at $t=0$ (2 marks)
- b) Determine $\Delta\Theta$ if $\Theta = z^2 \cos(xy - \pi/4)$ and find its value at the point $(1/\sqrt{2}, 1)$ (3 marks)
- c) Find the directional derivative of $\Theta = x^2yz + 4xz^3 + xyz$ at $(1, 2, 3)$ in the direction Of $2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$ (3 marks)

QUESTION FOUR

- a) If $\mathbf{A} = (3x^2 + 6y) \mathbf{i} - 14yz\mathbf{j} + 20xz^2\mathbf{k}$,
Evaluate $\int \mathbf{A} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ from (0,0,0) to (1,1,1) along the following parts
- (i) $X=t$, $y=t^2$, $z=t^3$ (2 marks)
- (ii) The straight line joining (0,0,0) and (1,1,1). (2 marks)
- b) Evaluate $\int \mathbf{A} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where C is the curve $y=x^3$ in the xy- p. plane from the point (1,1) to (2,8) if $\mathbf{A} = (5xy - 6x^2)z + (2y - 4x)\mathbf{j}$ (3 marks)
- c) Evaluate the integral from
 $\int_1^3 \int_{1/2x}^{4x} 2xy dy dx$ (3 marks)

QUESTION FIVE

- a) Evaluate
 $\int_0^1 \int_0^{2x} \int_{x-y}^{x+y} 30xyz \, dz \, dy \, dx$ (4 marks)
- b) State the Green's Theorem (2 marks)
- c) State the stoke's Theorem (2 marks)
- d) State the Gauss-Divergence Theorem (2 marks)