



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

University Examinations for 2022/2023 Academic Year

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING

SECOND YEAR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

EEE 203: CIRCUIT THEORY I

DATE: _____

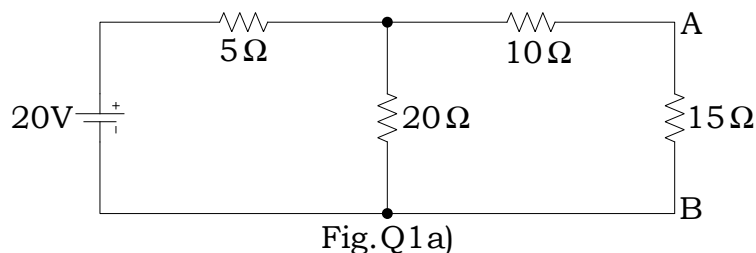
TIME: _____

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

1. This paper contains 5 questions.
2. Attempt **Question One** and Any Other Two questions
3. Show calculations where applicable

QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 MARKS)

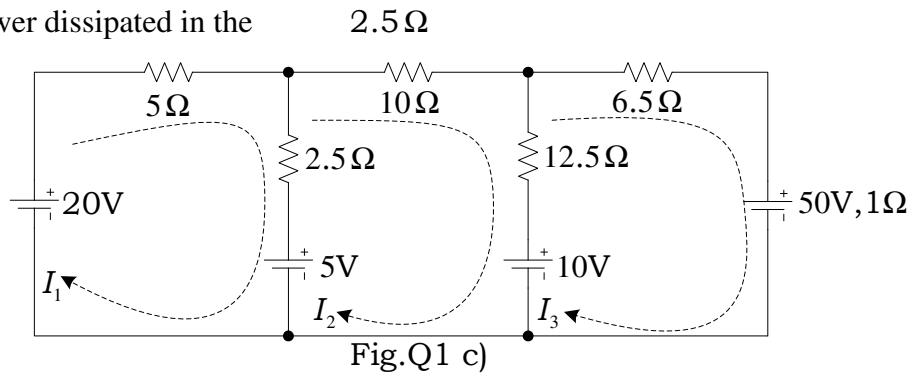
- a) Find the Thevenin's equivalent of the circuit shown in Fig. Q1(a) at terminals A-B. Hence, calculate
- (i) the value of the current flowing through $15\ \Omega$ impedance and
 - (ii) the power dissipated in this resistor.
- (8 marks)



- b) A resistance of $150\ \Omega$ and an inductance of $0.5\ \text{H}$ are connected in series across a $200\text{V } 50\ \text{Hz}$ supply. Find
- (i) Circuit impedance (2 marks)
 - (ii) Circuit Current (1 mark)
 - (iii) power factor (1 mark)
 - (iv) apparent power (1 mark)

- (v) active power (1 mark)
- (vi) reactive power (1 mark)
- (vii) voltage across resistance and (1 mark)
- (viii) voltage across inductance (1 mark)

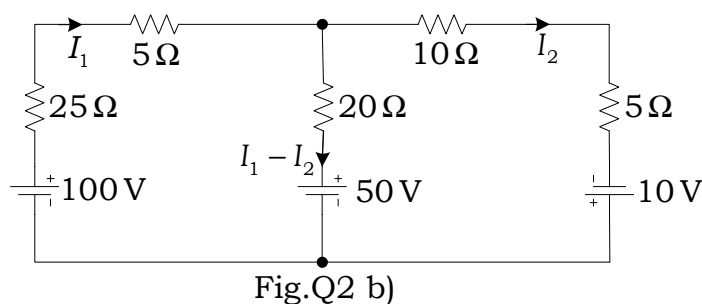
- c) For the circuit shown in Fig. Q1 c), determine
- (i) the mesh currents I_1 , I_2 and I_3 (6 marks)
 - (ii) the voltage across 12.5Ω (1 mark)
 - (iii) Power dissipated in the 2.5Ω (1 mark)



- d) Three voltages represented by
 $v_1 = 25 \sin \omega t$; $v_2 = 30 \sin(\omega t + \pi/4)$; $v_3 = 40 \sin(\omega t - \pi/6)$ act together in a circuit.
 Graphically, find an expression for the resultant voltage. (5 marks)

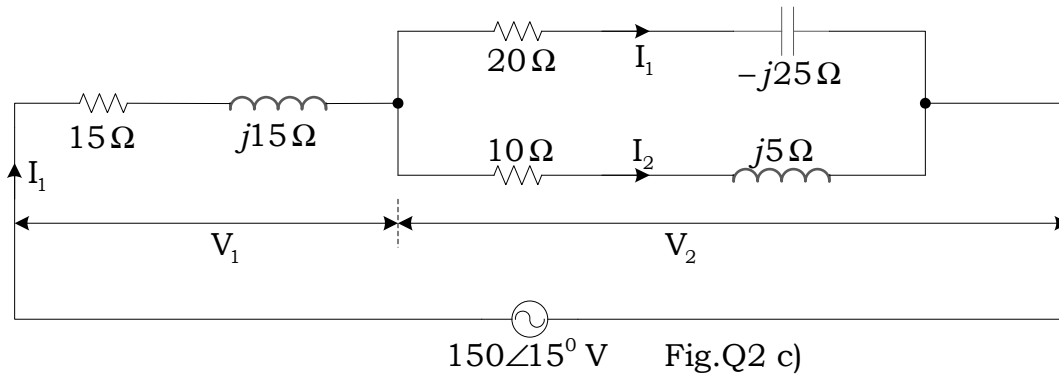
QUESTION TWO (20 marks)

- a) State the two Kirchhoff's laws. (3 marks)
- b) Apply Kirchhoff's laws in the circuit of Fig. Q2 b) to determine
 - (i) Currents I_1 and I_2
 - (ii) the voltage across 20Ω
 - (iii) power dissipated in the 10Ω resistor in the (6 marks)



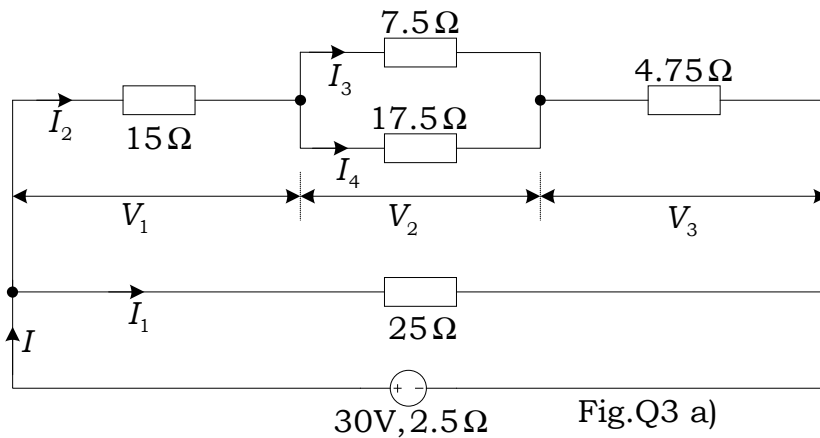
- c) For the circuit shown in Fig.Q2 c), find
- i) Total circuit impedance
 - ii) The circuit current
 - iii) Circuit power factor

- iv) The current I_1
 - v) The current I_2
 - vi) The voltage V_1
 - vii) The voltage V_2
 - viii) Apparent power
 - ix) Active power
 - x) Reactive power
- (11 marks)



QUESTION THREE (20 marks)

- a) For the circuit shown in Fig.Q3 a), use Ohms law to find
- (i) Total circuit resistance (2 marks)
 - (ii) Circuit current I (1 mark)
 - (iii) Currents I_1, I_2, I_3 and I_4 (4 marks)
 - (iv) Voltage across 17.5 Ω (1 mark)



- b) For the circuit shown in Fig.Q3 b), calculate circuit's
- (i) Current I_1 (1 mark)
 - (ii) Current I_2 (1 mark)
 - (iii) Total circuit current I_s (1 mark)

- (iv) Total apparent power (1 mark)
- (v) Total real power (1 mark)
- (vi) Total reactive power (1 mark)
- (vii) Power factor (1 mark)

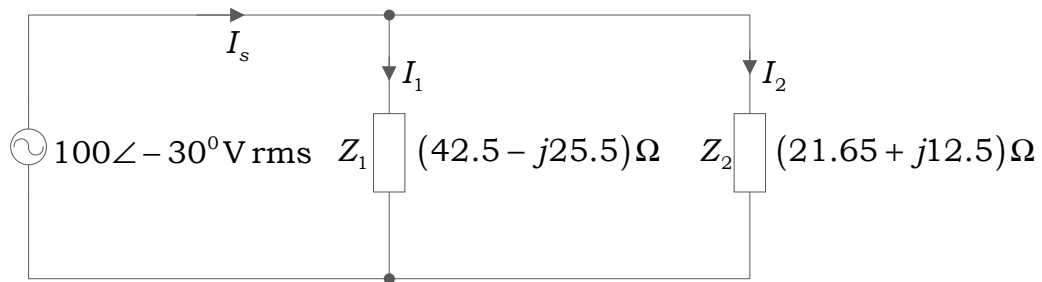
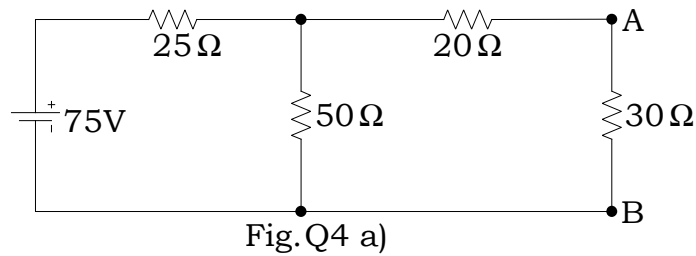


Fig.Q3 b)

- c) Briefly explain the following terms as used in circuit analysis:
- (i) Circuit (1 mark)
 - (ii) Branch (1 mark)
 - (iii) Node (1 mark)
 - (iv) Loop (1 mark)
 - (v) Mesh (1 mark)

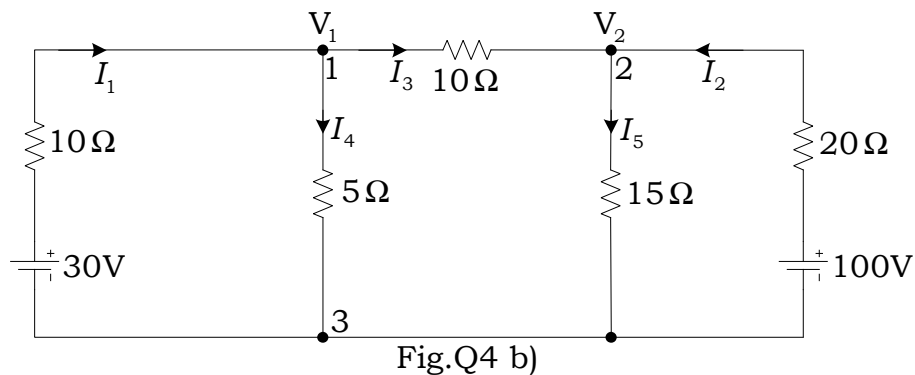
QUESTION FOUR (20 marks)

- a) Find the Norton's equivalent circuit for Fig. Q4 a) at terminals A-B and hence find the current through the $30\ \Omega$. [8 marks]



- b) For the circuit shown in Fig.Q4 b), take node 3 as the reference node and use nodal analysis to find

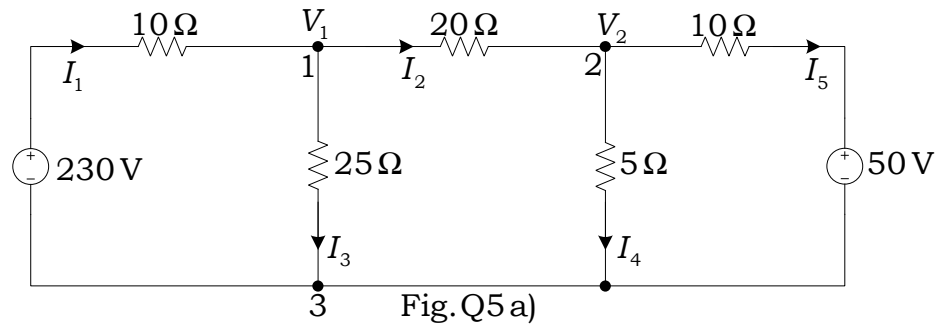
- (i) Currents I_1 , I_2 , I_3 , I_4 and I_5 [8 marks]
(ii) The power dissipated in the $15\ \Omega$ resistor (1 mark)



- c) State the three ways of marking the resistance values on the body of a resistor. [3 marks]

QUESTION FIVE (20 marks)

- a) For the circuit of Fig. Q5 a), take node 3 as the reference and use superposition theorem to find
- (i) The branch currents I_1 , I_2 , I_3 , I_4 and I_5 (11 marks)
(ii) voltage across $25\ \Omega$ resistor. (1 mark)



- b) A resistance of $15\ \Omega$ and a capacitance of $120\ \mu F$ are connected in parallel and fed from 100 V, 50 Hz supply. Find
- The circuit impedance
 - Total circuit current
 - Power factor
 - Apparent power
 - Active power
 - Reactive power
 - Parameters of equivalent series circuit
- [8 marks]**