



MACHAKOS UNIVERSITY

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2018/2019

**THIRD YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS FOR THE DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN STATISTICS AND PROGRAMMING
BACHELOR OF ARTS IN MATHEMATICS AND ECONOMICS**

SMA 360: MULTIVARIATE STATISTICAL METHODS 1

DATE : _____ TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS: Attempt Question ONE and any other TWO questions.

QUESTION ONE (30 MARKS)

1. Define the following terms:
 - i. Mean Vector (1 mark)
 - ii. Random vector (1 mark)
2. List the three properties of Moment Generating Function (M.G.F). (3 marks)
3. Suppose that x_1, x_2, x_3 are random variables having a joint probability density function given by $f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \begin{cases} 16x_1x_2x_3x_4, & 0 \leq x_i \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$. Determine the marginal distribution of:
 - i. x_2x_4 (3 marks)
 - ii. x_2 (3 marks)

4. A three dimensional random vector x has a PDF given by $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \begin{cases} 5x_1x_2x_3, & 0 \leq x_i \leq 1, i=1,2,3 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$. Determine $E(2x_1 + 4x_2^2 + 3x_3^3)$ (4 marks)
5. Suppose $x \sim N(0,1)$. Find the characteristic function ϕ . (4 marks)
6. Suppose $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ are independent Bernoulli random variables with parameter, θ . Determine the distribution of $y = \sum_{j=1}^n x_j$. (4 marks)
7. Let x_1, x_2, x_3 be independent standard normal random variable. Using the change of variable technique determine the probability distribution $y = [y_1, y_2, y_3]'$ where $y_1 = x_1, y_2 = x_1 + x_2$ and $y_3 = x_1 + x_2 + x_3$. (4 marks)
8. Show that $\bar{X}_n \xrightarrow{p} \mu$ using Chebyshev's inequality. (3 marks)

QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)

1. Let x have the variance covariance matrix given by $\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 25 & -2 & 4 \\ -2 & 4 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$. Find:
- The correlation matrix of x (5 marks)
 - The correlation coefficient between x_1 and $\frac{1}{3}x_2 + \frac{2}{3}x_3$ (4 marks)
2. Given the joint probability mass function of $x = [x_1, x_2, x_3]'$ as $f(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \begin{cases} kx_1x_2x_3, & \text{for } 0 \leq x_i \leq 1, i=1,2,3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$. Determine:
- The value of k (5 marks)
 - The marginal PDF of x_1 and x_2 . (3 marks)
 - The conditional distribution of $x_3 / x_1 = 1, x_2 = 2$ (3 marks)

QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)

1. Briefly explain what is meant by quadratic form of $x_1, x_2 \dots x_n$. Hence given that

$$x = [x_1, x_2, x_3]' \text{ has a mean vector and variance-covariance matrix given by } \mu = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{and } \Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ respectively. Find the expected value of the quadratic form}$$

$$Q = (x_2 - x_3)^2 + (x_1 - x_2 + x_3)^2 \quad (10 \text{ marks})$$

2. Suppose $x = [x, y]'$ has a two variate normal distribution with density

$$f(x) = c \exp - \frac{1}{2} Q. \text{ Where } Q = \frac{1}{7200} (1600x^2 + 900xy + 1125y^2 + 4140x + 450y + 5800).$$

$$\text{Identify } \mu, \Sigma \text{ and } c. \quad (10 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)

1. Let x_1, x_2, x_3 be independent and identically distributed random variables from a

$$\text{distribution whose probability density function is given by } f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x} & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}.$$

Using the change of variable technique determine the joint distribution of

$$Y_1 = \frac{x_1}{x_1 + x_2 + x_3} \text{ and } Y_2 = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}. \text{ Hence find the marginal distribution of}$$

$$Y_2 / Y_1 = y_1. \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

2. Given $M(t_1 t_2) = \left[(1 - p_1 - p_2) + p_1 e^{t_1} + p_2 e^{t_2} \right]^n$. Find:

$$\text{i. } E(x_2) \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

$$\text{ii. } E(x_1 x_2) \quad (2 \text{ marks})$$

$$\text{iii. } \delta_{12} \quad (4 \text{ marks})$$

$$\text{iv. } \ell_{12} \quad (1 \text{ mark})$$

3. Consider a random vector $x = [x_1, x_2, x_3]'$ defined as $x \sim N(\underset{\sim}{\mu}, \underset{\sim}{\Sigma})$ where $\underset{\sim}{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\underset{\sim}{\Sigma} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 5 & 2 \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the mean and variance of the conditional density of x_1 given $x_2 = 5$ and $x_3 = 5$. (5 marks)

QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- Let Z_n be a chi-square with n degrees of freedom. Find the limits distribution of $y = \frac{Z_n - n}{\sqrt{2n}}$. (10 marks)
- Let $f(x)$ be a density function with mean μ and finite variance δ^2 . Let $\bar{x}_n$ be the sample mean from $f(x)$ and let $\varepsilon > 0$ and $0 < \Delta < 1$ be any specified numbers.
 - If n is any integer greater than $\frac{\delta^2}{\varepsilon^2 \Delta}$ show that $p[-\varepsilon \leq \bar{x}_n - \mu \leq \varepsilon] > 1 - \Delta$. (5 marks)
 - How large a sample should be taken in order that you are 99% certain that $\bar{x}_n$ is within 0.5δ of μ . (3 marks)
- A fair die is tossed 12 independent times. Determine the probability of the following combination: (2 marks)

Face	1	2	3	4	5	6
Frequency	2	3	0	2	4	1